JORDAN-ELBRIDGE CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For Year Ended June 30, 2023



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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Board of Education Jordan-Elbridge Central School District, New York

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Jordan-Elbridge Central School District, New York, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Jordan-Elbridge Central School District, New York, as of June 30, 2023, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of Jordan-Elbridge Central School District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Jordan-Elbridge Central School District's management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control—related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, schedule of changes in District's total OPEB liability and related ratio, schedule of the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability, schedule of District contributions, and budgetary comparison information on pages 4-13 and 50-54 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise Jordan-Elbridge Central School District's basic financial statements. The accompanying supplemental information as listed in the table of contents and schedule of expenditures of federal awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations, Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The accompanying supplementary information as listed in the table of contents and schedule of expenditures of federal awards is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the supplementary information as listed in the table of contents and schedule of expenditures of federal awards is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated October 10, 2023 on our consideration of Jordan-Elbridge Central School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Jordan-Elbridge Central School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Mongel, Metzger, Barn & Co. LLP

Rochester, New York October 10, 2023

Jordan-Elbridge Central School District Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

The following is a discussion and analysis of the School District's financial performance for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023. This section is a summary of the School District's financial activities based on currently known facts, decisions, and/or conditions. It is also based on both the government-wide and fund-based financial statements. The results of the current year are discussed in comparison with the prior year, with an emphasis placed on the current year. This section is only an introduction and should be read in conjunction with the School District's financial statements, which immediately follow this section.

Financial Highlights

At the close of the fiscal year, the total liabilities plus deferred inflows (what the district owes) exceeded its total assets plus deferred outflows (what the district owns) resulting in a net position of \$11,823,587 an increase of \$825,572 from the prior year.

As of the close of the fiscal year, the School District's governmental funds reported combined fund balances of \$14,585,525, an increase of \$707,752 in comparison with the prior year.

General revenues which include Real Property Taxes, Non-Property Taxes, State and Federal Aid, Investment Earnings, and Miscellaneous accounted for \$33,313,044 or 89% of all revenues. Program specific revenues in the form of Charges for services and Operating Grants and Contributions accounted for \$4,058,183 or 11% of total revenues.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to the School District's basic financial statements. The School District's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: (1) government-wide financial statements, (2) fund financial statements and (3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains individual fund statements and schedules in addition to the basic financial statements.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The *government-wide financial statements* are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the School District's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The *statement of net position* presents information on all of the School District's assets plus deferred outflow of resources and liabilities plus deferred inflow of resources, with the difference between the two reported as *net position*. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the School District is improving or deteriorating.

The *statement of activities* presents information showing how the government's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows.

The *governmental* activities of the School District include instruction, pupil transportation, cost of food sales, general administrative support, community service, and interest on long-term debt.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on the pages immediately following this section as the first two pages of the basic financial statements.

Fund Financial Statements

A *fund* is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The School District, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance related legal requirements. All of the funds of the School District can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating the School District's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for *governmental funds* with similar information presented for *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between *governmental funds* and *governmental activities*.

The School District maintains six individual governmental funds: General Fund, Special Aid Fund, School Lunch Fund, Miscellaneous Special Revenue Fund, Debt Service Fund, and Capital Projects Fund. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the general fund and the special aid fund which are reported as major funds. Data for the school lunch fund, the miscellaneous special revenue fund, the debt service fund, and the capital projects fund are aggregated into a single column reported as non-major funds.

The School District adopts, and voters approve an annual budget for its General Fund. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the General Fund within the basic financial statements to demonstrate compliance with the budget.

The *Fiduciary Funds* are used to account for assets held by the School District in an agency capacity which accounts for assets held by the School District on behalf of others. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statement because the resources of these funds are *not* available to support the School District's programs.

The financial statements for the governmental and fiduciary funds can be found in the basic financial statement section of this report.

Major Feature of the District-Wide and Fund Financial Statements							
	Government-Wide	Fund Financ	cial Statements				
	Statements	Governmental Funds	Fiduciary Funds				
Scope	Entire District (except fiduciary funds)	The activities of the School District that are not proprietary or fiduciary, such as special education, scholarship programs, and building maintenance	Instances in which the School District administers resources on behalf of someone else, such as student activities monies				
Required financial statements	Statement of net position Statement of activities	Balance sheet Statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance	Statement of fiduciary net position statement of changes in fiduciary net position				
Accounting basis and measurement focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus	Modified accrual accounting and current financial focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus				
Type of asset/liability information	All assets and liabilities, both financial and capital, short-term and long-term	Generally, assets expected to be used up and liabilities that come due during the year or soon thereafter; no capital assets or long-term liabilities included	All assets and liabilities, both short-term and long-term; funds do not currently contain capital assets, although they can				
Type of inflow/outflow information	All revenues and expenses during year, regardless of when cash is received or paid	Revenues for which cash is received during or soon after the end of the year; expenditures when goods or services have been received and the related liability is due and payable	All additions and deductions during the year, regardless of when cash is received or paid				

Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found following the basic financial statement section of this report.

Government-Wide Statements

The government-wide statements report information about the District as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The statement of net position includes all the School District's assets and liabilities. All the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the statement of activities regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The two government-wide statements report the District's net position and how they have changed. Net position, the difference between the District's assets plus deferred outflow of resource and liabilities plus deferred inflow of resources, is one way to measure the District's financial health or position. Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net position are an indicator of whether its financial position is improving or deteriorating, respectively. Additional non-financial factors such as changes in the District's property tax base and the condition of the school buildings and facilities must also be considered to assess the District's overall health.

All the District's services are reported in the government-wide financial statements as governmental activities. Most of the District's basic services are included here, such as regular and special education, transportation and administration. Property taxes, federal and state aid, and investment earnings finance most of these activities.

Financial Analysis of the School District As A Whole

Net Position

		Total		
	Governmen	Variance		
ASSETS:	<u>2023</u>	2022		
Current and Other Assets	\$ 16,477,971	\$ 26,312,537	\$ (9,834,566)	
Capital Assets	33,778,270	36,273,992	(2,495,722)	
Total Assets	\$ 50,256,241	\$ 62,586,529	\$ (12,330,288)	
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES:				
Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$ 13,713,823	\$ 10,630,929	\$ 3,082,894	
LIABILITIES:				
Long-Term Debt Obligations	\$ 64,763,458	\$ 63,249,850	\$ 1,513,608	
Other Liabilities	2,032,623	1,868,652	163,971	
Total Liabilities	\$ 66,796,081	\$ 65,118,502	\$ 1,677,579	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES:				
Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$ 8,997,570	\$ 20,748,114	\$ (11,750,544)	
NET POSITION:				
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$ 17,364,166	\$ 17,218,596	\$ 145,570	
Restricted For,				
Capital Reserve	4,162,466	3,889,179	273,287	
Debt Service Reserve	1,326,598	1,305,854	20,744	
Other Purposes	3,921,856	3,494,588	427,268	
Unrestricted	(38,598,673)	(38,557,376)	(41,297)	
Total Net Position	\$ (11,823,587)	\$ (12,649,159)	\$ 825,572	

Key Variances

- Current and Other Assets decreased as a result of the NYS ERS and TRS pension systems no longer reporting a net pension asset
- Deferred Inflows of Resources decreased as a result of decreases to the pension system amortization of the net differences between projected and actual earnings on plan investments

The District's financial position is the product of many factors.

By far, the largest component of the School District's net position reflects its investment in capital assets, less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The School District uses these capital assets to provide services to the students and consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the School District's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

There are three restricted net asset balances, Debt Service, Capital Reserves, and Other Purposes.

Changes in Net Asset

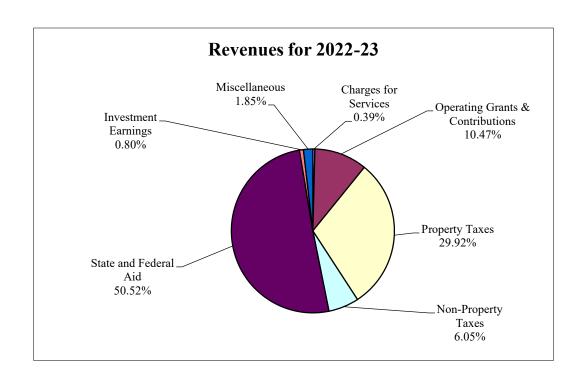
The District's total revenue increased 4% to \$37,371,227. State and federal aid 51% and property taxes 30% accounted for most of the District's revenue. The remaining 19% of the revenue comes from operating grants, charges for services, non-property taxes, investment earnings, and miscellaneous revenues.

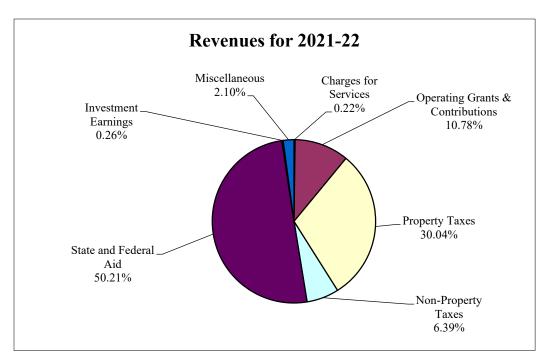
The total cost of all the programs and services increased 11% to \$36,545,655. The District's expenses are predominately related to education and caring for the students 72%. General support which included expenses associated with the operation, maintenance and administration of the District accounted for 15% of the total costs. See table below:

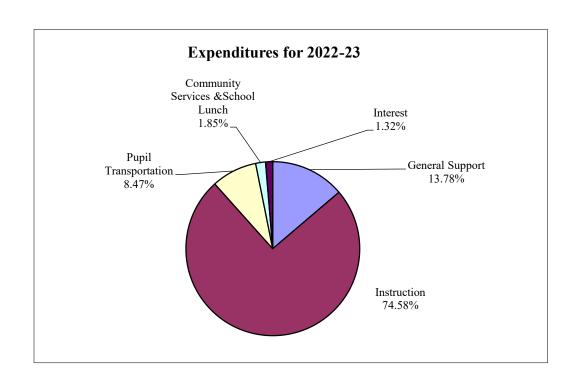
		Government	Total <u>Variance</u>			
	2023			2022	•	v arrance
REVENUES:						
Program -						
Charges for Service	\$	145,735	\$	78,210	\$	67,525
Operating Grants & Contributions		3,912,448		3,868,792		43,656
Total Program	\$	4,058,183	\$	3,947,002	\$	111,181
General -						
Property Taxes	\$	11,182,170	\$	10,782,432	\$	399,738
Non Property Taxes		2,259,254		2,293,282		(34,028)
State and Federal Aid		18,878,385		18,023,806		854,579
Investment Earnings		299,779		93,942		205,837
Miscellaneous		693,456		754,113		(60,657)
Total General	\$	33,313,044	\$	31,947,575	\$	1,365,469
TOTAL REVENUES	\$	37,371,227	\$	35,894,577	\$	1,476,650
EXPENSES:						
General Support	\$	5,448,728	\$	4,517,332	\$	931,396
Instruction		26,492,248		23,607,334		2,884,914
Pupil Transportation		3,349,860		3,665,203		(315,343)
Community Services		21,746		11,767		9,979
School Lunch		710,669		610,117		100,552
Interest		522,404		593,553		(71,149)
TOTAL EXPENSES	\$	36,545,655	\$	33,005,306	\$	3,540,349
INCREASE IN NET POSITION	\$	825,572	\$	2,889,271		
NET POSITION, BEGINNING						
OF YEAR		(12,649,159)		(15,538,430)		
NET POSITION, END OF YEAR	\$	(11,823,587)	\$	(12,649,159)		

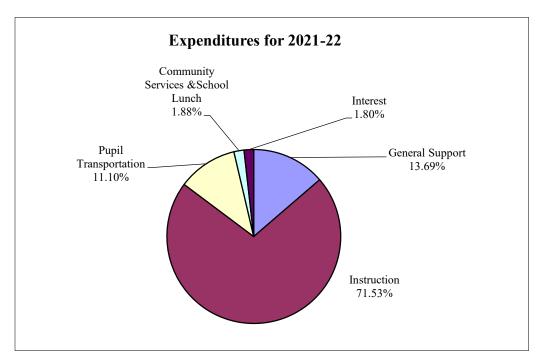
Key Variances

• Instruction expense increased as a result of stimulus funds and the change in the net pension system









Financial Analysis of the School District's Funds

The financial performance of the District as a whole is reflected in its governmental funds. As the District completed the year, its governmental funds reported combined fund balances of \$14,585,525 which is greater than last year's ending fund balance of \$13,877,773.

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the District. At the end of the current year, the total fund balance of the General Fund was \$12,344,131. Fund balance for the General Fund increased by \$259,851 compared with the prior year. See table below:

				Total
General Fund Balances:	<u>2023</u>	<u>2022</u>	1	<u>Variance</u>
Restricted	\$ 7,734,766	\$ 7,362,195	\$	372,571
Assigned	3,161,565	3,322,945		(161,380)
Unassigned	1,447,800	1,399,140		48,660
Total General Fund Balances	\$ 12,344,131	\$ 12,084,280	\$	259,851

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The difference between the original budget and the final amended budget was \$330,814. This change is attributable to \$322,945 of carryover encumbrances from the 2021-22 school year and \$7,869 for liquidation of purchase orders.

The key factors for budget variances in the general fund are listed below along with explanations for each.

	Budget	
	Variance	
	Original	
	Vs.	
Expenditure Items:	Amended	Explanation for Budget Variance
		Addition of 1 School Resource Officer, contractual raises, professional
		development costs; added board docs services, increase overall costs due
General Support	\$203,587	to inflation
		Planned maximizing use of federal aid; decrease in status of professional
		service provider; decrease in special education residential placement,
Instruction	(\$601,724)	fewer students in CTE programs
		Increased fuel costs, added special education routes, increased field trip
		and athletic runs, added staff to ensure consistent service due to COVID
Pupil Transportation	\$201,071	absence challenges
Debt Service-Principal	\$278,125	Due to GASB 87 guidance
Transfers-Out	\$244,895	Pre-K transfers

	Budget Variance Amended Vs.	
Revenue Items:	Actual	Explanation for Budget Variance
Use of Money and Property	\$205,987	BOCES room rental use increase;
Miscellaneous	\$492,707	Increase in tuition collection of students in foster care; interest earnings increase
State Sources	\$916,289	Increased state aid than anticipated during budgeting
	Budget Variance Amended Vs.	
Expenditure Items:	Actual	Explanation for Budget Variance
General Support	\$223,247	Unanticipated expense due to emergency capital project at Elbridge Elementary
Instructional	\$729,940	Increased special education costs from students moving to the district, increased expenses due to professional development and purchase of new curriculum Increased fuel costs, added special education routes, increased field trip
Pupil Transportation	\$253,949	and athletic runs, added staff to ensure consistent service due to COVID absence challenges
Employee Benefits	\$774,176	Conservative budgeting

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

By the end of the 2023 fiscal year, the District had invested \$33,437,048 in a broad range of capital assets, including land, buildings and improvements, and machinery and equipment. The change in capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, is reflected below:

	<u>2023</u>	<u>2022</u>			
Capital Assets:					
Land	\$ 74,885	\$	74,885		
Buildings and Improvements	31,177,367		33,773,719		
Machinery and Equipment	2,184,796		2,148,378		
Total Capital Assets	\$ 33,437,048	\$	35,996,982		
Lease Assets:					
Equipment	\$ 341,222	\$	277,010		
Total Lease Assets	\$ 341,222	\$	277,010		

More detailed information can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

Long-Term Debt

At year end, the District had \$64,763,458 in general obligation bonds and other long-term debt as follows:

Type	<u>2023</u>	<u>2022</u>
Serial Bonds	\$ 15,285,000	\$ 17,845,000
Lease Liability	341,222	277,010
OPEB	44,631,085	44,129,801
Net Pension Liability	3,598,710	-
Unamortized Bond Premium	719,335	791,268
Compensated Absences	188,106	206,771
Total Long-Term Obligations	\$ 64,763,458	\$ 63,249,850

More detailed information can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

Factors Bearing on the District's Future

Impact of Micron on student population (anticipating an increase from direct employees or indirect services provided associated with the Micron arrival). In the absence or delay of Micron, potential student enrollment decreases.

Potential fiscal cliff as anticipated from the ending of COVID funding and economic uncertainty, along with inflationary costs and upcoming presidential election.

Added costs for electric busses due to the state's law requiring zero-emission vehicle purchases starting in 2027.

Anticipating the return of state aid increases historically seen for our district now that the state's gap elimination adjustment is complete.

Continued revenue from higher interest rates on district reserves and cash on hand.

Anticipating additional increases in healthcare costs (estimated 3-5%)

Contacting the School District's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide the District's citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to demonstrate the District's accountability for the money it receives. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional information should be addressed to the following:

Jordan-Elbridge Central School District 9 N. Chappell Street P.O. Box 902 Jordan, New York 13080

Statement of Net Position

June 30, 2023

ASSETS \$ 12,428,869 Accounts receivable 4,040,475 Inventories 8,627 Capital Assets: Land 74,885 Other capital assets (net of depreciation) 33,703,385 TOTAL ASSETS \$ 50,256,241 DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred outflows of resources \$ 13,713,823 LIABILITIES Accounts payable \$ 274,254 Accrued liabilities 140,177 Unearned revenues 41,920 Due to other governments 46,660 Due to teachers' retirement system 1,316,128 Other Liabilities 67,098 Long-Term Obligations: 5 Due in one year 2,863,384 Due in more than one year 61,900,074 TOTAL LIABILITIES \$ 66,796,081 DEFERED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred inflows of resources \$ 8,997,570 NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets \$ 17,364,166 Restricted For: 1,326,598 Cap			vernmental <u>Activities</u>
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Inventories 8,627 Capital Assets: Land 74,885 Other capital assets (net of depreciation) 33,703,385 TOTAL ASSETS \$ 50,256,241 DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred outflows of resources \$ 13,713,823 CLABILITIES Accounts payable \$ 274,254 Accounts payable \$ 274,254 Accured liabilities 140,177 Unearned revenues 41,920 Due to other governments 46,660 Due to teachers' retirement system 1,316,128 Due to teachers' retirement system 146,386 Other Liabilities 67,098 Long-Term Obligations: 2 Due in one year 2,863,384 Due in one year 2,863,384 Due in more than one year 61,900,074 TOTAL LIABILITIES 86,796,081 Deferred inflows of resources \$ 8,997,570 NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets \$ 17,364,166	-	\$	
Capital Assets: 74,885 Other capital assets (net of depreciation) 33,703,385 TOTAL ASSETS \$50,256,241 DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred outflows of resources \$13,713,823 LIABILITIES Accounts payable \$274,254 Accrued liabilities 140,177 Uncarned revenues 41,920 Due to other governments 46,660 Due to teachers' retirement system 1,316,128 Other Liabilities 67,098 Long-Term Obligations: 2 Due in one year 61,900,074 TOTAL LIABILITIES \$66,796,081 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred inflows of resources \$8,997,570 NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets \$17,364,166 Restricted For: 1,326,598 Capital reserves 4,162,466 Other purposes 3,921,856 Unrestricted 3,859,8673			
Land 74,885 Other capital assets (net of depreciation) 33,703,385 TOTAL ASSETS \$50,256,241 DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred outflows of resources \$13,713,823 LIABILITIES Accounts payable \$274,254 Accrued liabilities 140,177 Uncarned revenues 41,920 Due to other governments 46,660 Due to employees' retirement system 1,316,128 Other Liabilities 67,098 Long-Term Obligations: 2,863,384 Due in one year 2,863,384 Due in more than one year 61,900,074 TOTAL LIABILITIES \$66,796,081 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred inflows of resources \$8,997,570 NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets \$17,364,166 Restricted For: 1,326,598 Debt service 1,326,598 Capital reserves 4,162,466 Other purposes 3,921,856 Unrestricted (38,598,673) <td></td> <td></td> <td>8,627</td>			8,627
Other capital assets (net of depreciation) 33,703,385 TOTAL ASSETS 50,256,241 DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred outflows of resources \$ 13,713,823 LIABILITIES Accounts payable \$ 274,254 Accrued liabilities 140,177 Unearned revenues 41,920 Due to other governments 46,660 Due to employees' retirement system 1,316,128 Due to employees' retirement system 146,386 Other Liabilities 67,098 Long-Term Obligations: 2,863,384 Due in one year 2,863,384 Due in more than one year 61,900,074 TOTAL LIABILITIES 66,796,081 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred inflows of resources \$ 8,997,570 NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets \$ 17,364,166 Restricted For: 1,326,598 Debt service 1,326,598 Capital reserves 4,162,466 Other purposes 3,921,856 Unrestrict	-		
TOTAL ASSETS \$ 50,256,241 DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred outflows of resources \$ 13,713,823 LIABILITIES Accounts payable \$ 274,254 Accrued liabilities 140,177 Unearned revenues 41,920 Due to other governments 46,660 Due to teachers' retirement system 1,316,128 Due to employees' retirement system 67,098 Long-Term Obligations: \$ 67,098 Long-Term Obligations: \$ 2,863,384 Due in one year 2,863,384 Due in more than one year 61,900,074 TOTAL LIABILITIES \$ 66,796,081 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred inflows of resources \$ 8,997,570 NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets \$ 17,364,166 Restricted For: 1,326,598 Capital reserves 4,162,466 Other purposes 3,921,856 Unrestricted (38,598,673)			•
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred outflows of resources \$ 13,713,823 LIABILITIES Accounts payable \$ 274,254 Accrued liabilities 140,177 Unearned revenues 41,920 Due to other governments 46,660 Due to teachers' retirement system 1,316,128 Due to employees' retirement system 146,386 Other Liabilities 67,098 Long-Term Obligations: \$ 67,098 Due in one year 2,863,384 Due in more than one year 61,900,074 TOTAL LIABILITIES \$ 66,796,081 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES \$ 8,997,570 NET POSITION \$ 1,326,598 Net investment in capital assets \$ 1,326,598 Capital reserves 4,162,466 Other purposes 3,921,856 Unrestricted (38,598,673)			33,703,385
Deferred outflows of resources \$ 13,713,823 LIABILITIES \$ 274,254 Accounts payable \$ 274,254 Accrued liabilities 140,177 Unearned revenues 41,920 Due to other governments 46,660 Due to teachers' retirement system 1,316,128 Due to employees' retirement system 146,386 Other Liabilities 67,098 Long-Term Obligations: 2 Due in one year 2,863,384 Due in more than one year 61,900,074 TOTAL LIABILITIES 66,796,081 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES \$ 8,997,570 NET POSITION \$ 17,364,166 Restricted For: \$ 17,364,166 Restricted For: \$ 1,326,598 Capital reserves 4,162,466 Other purposes 3,921,856 Unrestricted (38,598,673)	TOTAL ASSETS	\$	50,256,241
LIABILITIES Accounts payable \$ 274,254 Accrued liabilities 140,177 Unearmed revenues 41,920 Due to other governments 46,660 Due to teachers' retirement system 1,316,128 Due to employees' retirement system 146,386 Other Liabilities 67,098 Long-Term Obligations: 2,863,384 Due in one year 2,863,384 Due in more than one year 61,900,074 TOTAL LIABILITIES \$ 66,796,081 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred inflows of resources \$ 8,997,570 NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets \$ 17,364,166 Restricted For: 1,326,598 Capital reserves 4,162,466 Other purposes 3,921,856 Unrestricted (38,598,673)	DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Accounts payable \$ 274,254 Accrued liabilities 140,177 Unearned revenues 41,920 Due to other governments 46,660 Due to teachers' retirement system 1,316,128 Due to employees' retirement system 146,386 Other Liabilities 67,098 Long-Term Obligations: \$ 2,863,384 Due in one year 61,900,074 TOTAL LIABILITIES \$ 66,796,081 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred inflows of resources \$ 8,997,570 NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets \$ 17,364,166 Restricted For: 1,326,598 Capital reserves 4,162,466 Other purposes 3,921,856 Unrestricted (38,598,673)	Deferred outflows of resources	\$	13,713,823
Accrued liabilities 140,177 Unearned revenues 41,920 Due to other governments 46,660 Due to teachers' retirement system 1,316,128 Due to employees' retirement system 146,386 Other Liabilities 67,098 Long-Term Obligations: *** Due in one year 2,863,384 Due in more than one year 61,900,074 TOTAL LIABILITIES *** 66,796,081 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred inflows of resources *** 8,997,570 NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets *** 17,364,166 Restricted For: *** Debt service 1,326,598 Capital reserves 4,162,466 Other purposes 3,921,856 Unrestricted (38,598,673)	LIABILITIES		
Unearned revenues 41,920 Due to other governments 46,660 Due to teachers' retirement system 1,316,128 Due to employees' retirement system 146,386 Other Liabilities 67,098 Long-Term Obligations: *** Due in one year 2,863,384 Due in more than one year 61,900,074 TOTAL LIABILITIES *** Deferred inflows of resources *** NET POSITION *** Net investment in capital assets \$** Restricted For: *** Debt service 1,326,598 Capital reserves 4,162,466 Other purposes 3,921,856 Unrestricted (38,598,673)	Accounts payable	\$	274,254
Due to other governments 46,660 Due to teachers' retirement system 1,316,128 Due to employees' retirement system 146,386 Other Liabilities 67,098 Long-Term Obligations: 2,863,384 Due in one year 61,900,074 TOTAL LIABILITIES \$66,796,081 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred inflows of resources \$8,997,570 NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets \$17,364,166 Restricted For: 1,326,598 Capital reserves 4,162,466 Other purposes 3,921,856 Unrestricted (38,598,673)	Accrued liabilities		140,177
Due to teachers' retirement system 1,316,128 Due to employees' retirement system 146,386 Other Liabilities 67,098 Long-Term Obligations: 2,863,384 Due in one year 61,900,074 TOTAL LIABILITIES \$66,796,081 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred inflows of resources \$8,997,570 NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets \$17,364,166 Restricted For: 1,326,598 Capital reserves 4,162,466 Other purposes 3,921,856 Unrestricted (38,598,673)	Unearned revenues		41,920
Due to employees' retirement system 146,386 Other Liabilities 67,098 Long-Term Obligations: 2,863,384 Due in one year 61,900,074 TOTAL LIABILITIES \$66,796,081 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred inflows of resources \$8,997,570 NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets \$17,364,166 Restricted For: 1,326,598 Capital reserves 4,162,466 Other purposes 3,921,856 Unrestricted (38,598,673)	Due to other governments		46,660
Other Liabilities 67,098 Long-Term Obligations: 2,863,384 Due in one year 61,900,074 TOTAL LIABILITIES \$ 66,796,081 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred inflows of resources \$ 8,997,570 NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets \$ 17,364,166 Restricted For: 1,326,598 Capital reserves 4,162,466 Other purposes 3,921,856 Unrestricted (38,598,673)	Due to teachers' retirement system		1,316,128
Long-Term Obligations: Due in one year 2,863,384 Due in more than one year 61,900,074 TOTAL LIABILITIES \$ 66,796,081 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred inflows of resources \$ 8,997,570 NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets \$ 17,364,166 Restricted For: Debt service 1,326,598 Capital reserves 4,162,466 Other purposes 3,921,856 Unrestricted (38,598,673)	Due to employees' retirement system		146,386
Due in one year 2,863,384 Due in more than one year 61,900,074 TOTAL LIABILITIES \$ 66,796,081 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred inflows of resources \$ 8,997,570 NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets \$ 17,364,166 Restricted For: 1,326,598 Capital reserves 4,162,466 Other purposes 3,921,856 Unrestricted (38,598,673)	Other Liabilities		67,098
Due in more than one year 61,900,074 TOTAL LIABILITIES \$ 66,796,081 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred inflows of resources \$ 8,997,570 NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets \$ 17,364,166 Restricted For: Debt service 1,326,598 Capital reserves 4,162,466 Other purposes 3,921,856 Unrestricted (38,598,673)	Long-Term Obligations:		
TOTAL LIABILITIES \$ 66,796,081 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred inflows of resources \$ 8,997,570 NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets \$ 17,364,166 Restricted For: 1,326,598 Capital reserves 4,162,466 Other purposes 3,921,856 Unrestricted (38,598,673)	Due in one year		2,863,384
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred inflows of resources \$ 8,997,570 NET POSITION	Due in more than one year		61,900,074
Deferred inflows of resources \$ 8,997,570 NET POSITION ** Net investment in capital assets \$ 17,364,166 Restricted For: ** Debt service 1,326,598 Capital reserves 4,162,466 Other purposes 3,921,856 Unrestricted (38,598,673)	TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$	66,796,081
NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets \$ 17,364,166 Restricted For: 1,326,598 Capital reserves 4,162,466 Other purposes 3,921,856 Unrestricted (38,598,673)	DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Net investment in capital assets \$ 17,364,166 Restricted For: \$ 1,326,598 Debt service 1,326,598 Capital reserves 4,162,466 Other purposes 3,921,856 Unrestricted (38,598,673)	Deferred inflows of resources	\$	8,997,570
Restricted For: Debt service 1,326,598 Capital reserves 4,162,466 Other purposes 3,921,856 Unrestricted (38,598,673)	NET POSITION		
Restricted For: Debt service 1,326,598 Capital reserves 4,162,466 Other purposes 3,921,856 Unrestricted (38,598,673)	Net investment in capital assets	\$	17.364.166
Debt service 1,326,598 Capital reserves 4,162,466 Other purposes 3,921,856 Unrestricted (38,598,673)	-	*	17,001,100
Capital reserves 4,162,466 Other purposes 3,921,856 Unrestricted (38,598,673)			1.326.598
Other purposes 3,921,856 Unrestricted (38,598,673)			
Unrestricted (38,598,673)	-		
	• •		
	TOTAL NET POSITION	\$	(11,823,587)

Statement of Activities

For The Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Program Revenues					Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position			
Functions/Programs		Charges for Grants and Expenses Services Contributions		G	overnmental <u>Activities</u>				
Primary Government -	\$	5 110 720	\$		\$ -	\$	(5 110 720)		
General support Instruction	Ф	5,448,728 26,492,248	Ф	110.000		Ф	(5,448,728)		
		3,349,860		119,080	3,134,301		(23,238,867) (3,349,860)		
Pupil transportation Community services		21,746		-	-		(21,746)		
School lunch		710,669		26,655	778,147		94,133		
Interest		522,404		20,033	//0,14/				
Total Primary Government	\$	36,545,655	\$	145,735	\$ 3,912,448	\$	(522,404) (32,487,472)		
	Gene	ral Revenues:							
	Proj	perty taxes				\$	11,182,170		
	Nor	property taxes	;				2,259,254		
	Stat	e and federal a	id				18,878,385		
	Inve	estment earning	;S				299,779		
	Mis	cellaneous					693,456		
	T	otal General R	leveni	ies		\$	33,313,044		
Changes in Net Position						\$	825,572		
	Net	Position, Begi	nning	of Year			(12,649,159)		
	Net	Position, End	of Ye	ar		\$	(11,823,587)		

Balance Sheet

Governmental Funds

June 30, 2023

ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents Receivables Inventories Due from other funds TOTAL ASSETS	\$ <u>\$</u>	General Fund 10,984,302 2,017,459 - 1,931,150 14,932,911	\$	Special Aid Fund 9,361 1,625,362 - 509,744 2,144,467		Nonmajor vernmental <u>Funds</u> 1,435,206 397,654 8,627 682,005 2,523,492	\$ \$	Total overnmental Funds 12,428,869 4,040,475 8,627 3,122,899 19,600,870
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANC	FC							
Liabilities -	LIS							
Accounts payable	\$	115,565	\$	116,375	\$	42,314	\$	274,254
Due to other funds	Ф	896,637	Ф	2,020,699	Ф	205,563	Ф	3,122,899
		46,462		2,020,099		198		46,660
Due to other governments Due to TRS				-		198		
		1,316,128		-		-		1,316,128
Due to ERS		146,386		-		-		146,386
Other liabilities		67,098		7 202		24.022		67,098
Unearned revenue	<u></u>	504		7,393	_	34,023		41,920
TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$	2,588,780	\$	2,144,467	\$	282,098	\$	5,015,345
Fund Balances -								
Nonspendable	\$	_	\$	_	\$	8,627	\$	8,627
Restricted	·	7,734,766		_		1,901,894		9,636,660
Assigned		3,161,565		_		330,873		3,492,438
Unassigned		1,447,800		_		_		1,447,800
TOTAL FUND BALANCE	\$	12,344,131	\$		\$	2,241,394	\$	14,585,525
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND	<u> </u>	12,011,101	Ψ		Ψ_	2,211,0>1	Ψ	11,000,020
FUND BALANCES	\$	14,932,911	\$	2,144,467	\$	2,523,492		
	Amounts reported for Statement of Net Posit Capital assets/right to u and therefore are not reported in the statement of the	ion are differ se assets used ported in the fu	ent be in gov ands.	ecause: vernmental act			cial re	esources 33,778,270 (140,177)
	The following long-term current period and there Serial bonds payable Leases OPEB Compensated absence Unamortized bond propered outflow - period outflow - period outflow - old Net pension liability Deferred inflow - advocated before the period of the period outflow - open Deferred inflow - OP. Net Position of Govern	efore are not re es emium ension PEB ranced refundingsion EB	portec					(15,285,000) (341,222) (44,631,085) (188,106) (719,335) 8,198,347 5,515,476 (3,598,710) (294,287) (996,993) (7,706,290) (11,823,587)

JORDAN-ELBRIDGE CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT, NEW YORK Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds

For The Year Ended June 30, 2023

	General Fund	Special Aid <u>Fund</u>	Nonmajor vernmental <u>Funds</u>	Go	Total overnmental <u>Funds</u>
REVENUES					
Real property taxes and tax items	\$ 13,391,604	\$ -	\$ -	\$	13,391,604
Non-property taxes	49,820	-	-		49,820
Charges for services	119,080	-	-		119,080
Use of money and property	278,987	-	20,792		299,779
Sale of property and compensation for loss	5,749	-	-		5,749
Miscellaneous	687,707	-	24		687,731
State sources	18,831,210	1,133,611	15,115		19,979,936
Federal sources	47,175	2,000,690	763,032		2,810,897
Sales	-	-	26,631		26,631
TOTAL REVENUES	\$ 33,411,332	\$ 3,134,301	\$ 825,594	\$	37,371,227
EXPENDITURES					
General support	\$ 4,476,046	\$ -	\$ -	\$	4,476,046
Instruction	15,255,369	2,916,139	-		18,171,508
Pupil transportation	2,587,559	26,547	-		2,614,106
Community services	18,194	-	-		18,194
Employee benefits	6,521,376	529,964	-		7,051,340
Debt service - principal	2,838,125	-	-		2,838,125
Debt service - interest	689,917	-	-		689,917
Cost of sales	-	-	52,022		52,022
Other expenses	-	-	654,750		654,750
Capital outlay	-	-	439,804		439,804
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	\$ 32,386,586	\$ 3,472,650	\$ 1,146,576	\$	37,005,812
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES					
OVER EXPENDITURES	\$ 1,024,746	\$ (338,349)	\$ (320,982)	\$	365,415
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Transfers - in	\$ -	\$ 338,349	\$ 426,546	\$	764,895
Transfers - out	(764,895)	· -	-		(764,895)
Proceeds from obligations	=	-	342,337		342,337
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING					
SOURCES (USES)	\$ (764,895)	\$ 338,349	\$ 768,883	\$	342,337
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$ 259,851	\$ -	\$ 447,901	\$	707,752
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING	4		. =		
OF YEAR	 12,084,280	 	 1,793,493		13,877,773
FUND BALANCE, END OF YEAR	\$ 12,344,131	\$ -	\$ 2,241,394	\$	14,585,525

Reconciliation of Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to Statement of Activities For The Year Ended June 30, 2023

NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	-
TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	

\$ 707,752

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. The following are the amounts by which capital outlays and additions of assets in excess depreciation in the current period:

Capital Outlay	\$ 439,804
Additions to Assets, Net	466,203
Depreciation and Amortization	(3,401,729)

(2,495,722)

Bond proceeds provide current financial resources to governmental funds, but issuing debt increases long-term obligations in the Statement of Net Position. Repayment of bond principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term obligations in the Statement of Net Position. The following details these items as they effect the governmental activities:

Debt Repayments	\$ 2,838,125
Unamortized Bond Premium	71,933
Proceeds from leases	(342,337)

2,567,721

In the Statement of Activities, interest is accrued on outstanding bonds, whereas in governmental funds, an interest expenditure is reported when due.

22,008

The net OPEB liability does not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, is not reported as an expenditure in the governmental funds.

694,848

(Increase) decrease in proportionate share of net pension asset/liability reported in the Statement of Activities do not provide for or require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as revenues or expenditures in the governmental funds

Teachers' Retirement System	(323,453)
Employees' Retirement System	(439,818)

Portion of deferred (inflow) / outflow recognized in long term debt

73,571

In the Statement of Activities, vacation pay, teachers' retirement incentive and judgments and claims are measured by the amount accrued during the year. In the governmental funds, expenditures for these items are measured by the amount actually paid. The following provides the differences of these items as presented in the governmental activities:

Compensated Absences

18,665

CHANGE IN NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES

825,572

JORDAN-ELBRIDGE CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT, NEW YORK Statement of Fiduciary Net Position June 30, 2023

ASSETS	ustodial F <u>unds</u>
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 69,409
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 69,409
NET POSITION	
Restricted for individuals, organizations and other governments	\$ 69,409
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ 69,409

Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position For The Year Ended June 30, 2023

	(Custodial
		Funds
ADDITIONS		
Library taxes	\$	200,000
Student activity		100,383
TOTAL ADDITIONS	\$	300,383
DEDUCTIONS		
Student activity	\$	86,326
Library taxes		200,000
TOTAL DEDUCTIONS	\$	286,326
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	\$	14,057
NET POSITION, BEGINNING OF YEAR		55,352
NET POSITION, END OF YEAR	\$	69,409

Notes To The Basic Financial Statements

June 30, 2023

I. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The financial statements of the Jordan-Elbridge Central School District, New York (the District) have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the District's accounting policies are described below.

A. Reporting Entity

The Jordan-Elbridge Central School District is governed by the laws of New York State. The District is an independent entity governed by an elected Board of Education consisting of seven members. The President of the Board serves as the chief fiscal officer and the Superintendent is the chief executive officer. The Board is responsible for, and controls all activities related to public school education within the District. Board members have authority to make decisions, power to appoint management, and primary accountability for all fiscal matters.

The reporting entity of the District is based upon criteria set forth by GASB Statement 14, *The Financial Reporting Entity*, as amended by GASB Statement 39, *Component Units* and GASB Statement No. 61, *The Financial Reporting Entity*. The financial reporting entity consists of the primary government, organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete.

The District is not a component unit of another reporting entity. The decision to include a potential component unit in the District's reporting entity is based on several criteria including legal standing, fiscal dependency, and financial accountability. Based on the application of these criteria, the following is a brief review of certain entities included in the District's reporting entity.

1. Extraclassroom Activity Funds

The extraclassroom activity funds of the District represent funds of the students of the District. The Board of Education exercises general oversight of these funds. The extraclassroom activity funds are independent of the District with respect to its financial transactions, and the designation of student management. Separate audited financial statements (cash basis) of the extraclassroom activity funds can be found at the District's business office. The District accounts for assets held as an agency for various student organizations in an agency fund.

B. Joint Venture

The District is a component of the Cayuga-Onondaga Board of Cooperative Educational Services (BOCES). The BOCES is a voluntary, cooperative association of school districts in a geographic area that shares planning, services, and programs which provide educational and support activities. There is no authority or process by which a school district can terminate its status as a BOCES component.

BOCES are organized under §1950 of the New York State Education Law. A BOCES Board is considered a corporate body. Members of a BOCES Board are nominated and elected by their component member boards in accordance with provisions of §1950 of the New York State Education Law. All BOCES property is held by the BOCES Board as a corporation (§1950(6)). In addition, BOCES Boards also are considered municipal corporations to permit them to contract with other municipalities on a cooperative basis under §119-n(a) of the New York State General Municipal Law.

A BOCES' budget is comprised of separate budgets for administrative, program, and capital costs. Each component school district's share of administrative and capital cost is determined by resident public school district enrollment as defined in Education Law, Section 1950(4)(b)(7). In addition, component districts pay tuition or a service fee for programs in which its students participate.

During the year, the District was billed \$4,906,449 for BOCES administrative and program costs.

The District's share of BOCES aid amounted to \$1,859,054.

Financial statements for the BOCES are available from the BOCES administrative office.

C. Basis of Presentation

1. Districtwide Statements

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities present financial information about the District's governmental activities. These statements include the financial activities of the overall government in its entirety, except those that are fiduciary. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal transactions. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, state aid, intergovernmental revenues, and other exchange and non-exchange transactions. Operating grants include operating-specific and discretionary (either operating or capital) grants, while the capital grants column reflects capital specific grants.

The Statement of Activities presents a comparison between program expenses and revenues for each function of the District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with and are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Indirect expenses, principally employee benefits, are allocated to functional areas in proportion to the payroll expended for those areas. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs, and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

2. Fund Statements

The fund statements provide information about the District's funds, including fiduciary funds. Separate statements for each fund category (governmental and fiduciary) are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds.

The District reports the following governmental funds:

a. <u>Major Governmental Funds</u>

<u>General Fund</u> - This is the District's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial transactions that are not required to be accounted for in another fund.

Special Aid Fund - This fund accounts for the proceeds of specific revenue sources, such as federal and state grants, that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes. These legal restrictions may be imposed either by governments that provide the funds, or by outside parties.

b. <u>Nonmajor Governmental</u> - The other funds which are not considered major are aggregated and reported as nonmajor governmental funds as follows:

<u>School Lunch Fund</u> - Used to account for transactions of the District's lunch, breakfast and milk programs.

<u>Capital Projects Fund</u> - Used to account for the acquisition construction or major repair of capital facilities.

<u>Debt Service Fund</u> - This fund accounts for the accumulation of resources and the payment of principal and interest on long-term obligations for governmental activities.

<u>Miscellaneous Special Revenue Fund</u> — Used to account for and report those revenues that are restricted or committed to expenditures for specified purposes.

c. <u>Fiduciary</u> - Fiduciary activities are those in which the District acts as trustee or agent for resources that belong to others. These activities are not included in the District-wide financial statements, because their resources do not belong to the District, and are not available to be used.

<u>Custodial Funds</u> - These funds are strictly custodial in nature and do not involve the measurement of results of operations. Assets are held by the District as agent for various student groups or extraclassroom activity funds.

D. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

Accounting and financial reporting treatment is determined by the applicable measurement focus and basis of accounting. Measurement focus indicates the type of resources being measured such as current financial resources or economic resources. The basis of accounting indicates the timing of transactions or events for recognition in the financial statements.

The District-Wide and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash transaction takes place. Nonexchange transactions, in which the District gives or receives value without directly receiving or giving equal value in exchange, include property taxes, grants and donations. On an accrual basis revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

The fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. The District considers all revenues reported in the governmental funds to be available if the revenues are collected within one year after the end of the fiscal year.

Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, claims and judgments, and compensated absences, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

E. Property Taxes

Real property taxes are levied annually by the Board of Education no later than September 1, and became a lien on August 24, 2022. Taxes are collected during the period September 1 to November 15, 2022.

Uncollected real property taxes are subsequently enforced by the Counties in which the District is located. The Counties pay an amount representing uncollected real property taxes transmitted to the Counties for enforcement to the District no later than the following April 1.

F. Restricted Resources

When an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position are available, the District's policy concerning which to apply first varies with the intended use, and with associated legal requirements, many of which are described elsewhere in these notes.

G. Interfund Transactions

The operations of the District include transactions between funds. These transactions may be temporary in nature, such as with interfund borrowing. The District typically loans resources between funds for the purpose of providing cash flow. These interfund receivables and payables are expected to be repaid within one year. Permanent transfers of funds include the transfer of expenditures and revenues to provide financing or other services.

In the District-wide statements, the amounts reported on the Statement of Net Position for interfund receivables and payables represent amounts due between different fund types (governmental activities and fiduciary funds). Eliminations have been made for all interfund receivables and payables between the funds.

The governmental funds report all interfund transactions as originally recorded. Interfund receivables and payables may be netted on the accompanying governmental funds balance sheet when it is the District's practice to settle these amounts at a net balance based upon the right of legal offset.

Refer to Note VII for a detailed disclosure by individual fund for interfund receivables, payables, expenditures, and revenues activity.

H. Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amount of assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported revenues and expenses/expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates. Estimates and assumptions are made in a variety of areas, including computation of encumbrances, compensated absences, potential contingent liabilities and useful lives of long-lived assets.

I. Cash and Cash Equivalents

The District's cash and cash equivalents consist of cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

New York State Law governs the District's investment policies. Resources must be deposited in FDIC-insured commercial banks or trust companies located within the State. Permissible investments include obligations of the United States Treasury, United States Agencies, repurchase agreements and obligations of New York State or its localities.

Collateral is required for demand and time deposits and certificates of deposit not covered by FDIC insurance. Obligations that may be pledged as collateral are obligations of the United States and its agencies and obligations of the State and its municipalities and Districts.

J. Receivables

Receivables are shown net of an allowance for uncollectible accounts, when applicable.

No allowance for uncollectible accounts has been provided since it is believed that such allowance would not be material.

K. <u>Inventory and Prepaid Items</u>

Inventories of food and/or supplies for school lunch are recorded at cost on a first-in, first-out basis or, in the case of surplus food, at stated value which approximates market. Purchases of inventoriable items in other funds are recorded as expenditures at the time of purchase, and are considered immaterial in amount.

Prepaid items represent payments made by the District for which benefits extend beyond year end. These payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both the District-wide and fund financial statements. These items are reported as assets on the statement of net position or balance sheet using the consumption method. A current asset for the prepaid amounts is recorded at the time of purchase and an expense/expenditure is reported in the year the goods or services are consumed.

A non-spendable fund balance for these non-liquid assets (inventories and prepaid items) has been recognized to signify that a portion of fund balance is not available for other subsequent expenditures.

L. <u>Capital Assets</u>

In the District-wide financial statements, capital assets are accounted for at historical cost or estimated historical cost if actual is unavailable, except for donated capital assets which are recorded at their acquisition value at the date of donation.

Depreciation of all exhaustible capital assets is recorded as an allocated expense in the Statement of Activities, with accumulated depreciation reflected in the Statement of Net Position. Depreciation is provided over the assets' estimated useful lives using the straight-line method of depreciation. A capitalization threshold of \$5,000 is used to report capital assets. The range of estimated useful lives by type of assets is as follows:

	Cap	italization	Depreciation	Estimated
<u>Class</u>	<u>Tł</u>	<u>ireshold</u>	Method	Useful Life
Buildings	\$	50,000	SL	15-50 Years
Machinery and Equipment	\$	5,000	SL	5-25 Years

The investment in infrastructure type assets have not been segregated for reporting purposes since all costs associated with capital projects are consolidated and reported as additions to buildings and improvements.

M. Right To Use Assets

The District-wide financial statements, right-to-use-assets are reported within the major class of the underlying asset and valued at the future minimum lease payment. Amortization is between 3 and 5 years based on the contract terms and/or estimated replacement of the assets.

N. Unearned Revenue

The District reports unearned revenues on its Statement of Net Position and its Balance Sheet. On the Statement of Net Position, unearned revenue arises when resources are received by the District before it has legal claim to them, as when grant monies are received prior to incurrence of qualifying expenditures. In subsequent periods, when the District has legal claim to resources, the liability for unearned revenue is removed and revenue is recognized.

O. <u>Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources</u>

In addition to assets, the Statement of Net Position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred outflows of resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expenses/expenditure) until then.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

P. Vested Employee Benefits

1. Compensated Absences

Compensated absences consist of unpaid accumulated annual sick leave, vacation, and sabbatical time.

Sick leave eligibility and accumulation is specified in negotiated labor contracts, and in individual employment contracts. Upon retirement, resignation or death, employees may contractually receive a payment based on unused accumulated sick leave.

Certain District employees are granted vacation in varying amounts, based primarily on length of service and service position. Some earned benefits may be forfeited if not taken within varying time periods.

Consistent with GASB Statement 16, Accounting for Compensated Absences, the liability has been calculated using the vesting/termination method and an accrual for that liability is included in the District-wide financial statements. The compensated absences liability is calculated based on the pay rates in effect at year end.

In the funds statements only the amount of matured liabilities is accrued within the General Fund based upon expendable and available financial resources. These amounts are expensed on a pay-as-you-go basis.

Q. Other Benefits

District employees participate in the New York State Employees' Retirement System and the New York State Teachers' Retirement System.

District employees may choose to participate in the District's elective deferred compensation plans established under Internal Revenue Code Sections 403(b) and 457.

In addition to providing pension benefits, the District provides post-employment health coverage to retired employees in accordance with the provision of various employment contracts in effect at the time of retirement. Substantially all of the District's employees may become eligible for these benefits if they reach normal retirement age while working for the District. Health care benefits are provided through plans whose premiums are based on the benefits paid during the year. The cost of providing post-retirement benefits may be shared between the District and the retired employee. The District recognizes the cost of providing health insurance by recording its share of insurance premiums as an expenditure.

R. Short-Term Debt

The District may issue Bond Anticipation Notes (BAN), in anticipation of proceeds from the subsequent sale of bonds. These notes are recorded as current liabilities of the funds that will actually receive the proceeds from the issuance of bonds. State law requires that a BAN issued for capital purposes be converted to long-term financing within five years after the original issue date.

S. Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

Payables, accrued liabilities, and long-term obligations are reported in the district-wide financial statements. In the governmental funds, payables and accrued liabilities are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources. Claims and judgments, other postemployment benefits payable and compensated absences that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the funds financial statements only to the extent that they are due for payment in the current year. Bonds and other long-term obligations that will be paid from governmental funds are recognized as a liability in the fund financial statements when due.

Long-term obligations represent the District's future obligations or future economic outflows. The liabilities are reported as due in one year or due within more than one year in the Statement of Net Position.

T. Equity Classifications

1. <u>District-Wide Statements</u>

In the District-wide statements there are three classes of net position:

- **a.** <u>Net Investment in Capital Assets</u> consists of net capital assets (cost less accumulated depreciation) reduced by outstanding balances of related debt obligations from the acquisition, constructions or improvements of those assets.
- **b.** Restricted Net Position reports net position when constraints placed on the assets or deferred outflows of resources are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

On the Statement of Net Position the following balances represent the restricted for other purposes:

	<u>Total</u>
Workers' Compensation	\$ 400,524
Unemployment Costs	812,883
Retirement Contribution - TRS	611,135
Retirement Contribution - ERS	950,198
Insurance	155,372
Tax Certiorari	133,594
Capital Projects	329,079
Miscellaneous - Scholarships	20,477
Liability	296,836
Employee Benefit Accrued Liability	 211,758
Total Net Position - Restricted for	
Other Purposes	\$ 3,921,856

c. <u>Unrestricted Net Position</u> - reports the balance of net position that does not meet the definition of the above two classifications. The reported deficit of \$38,598,673 at year end is the result of full implantation of GASB #75 regarding retiree health obligations.

2. Fund Statements

In the fund basis statements there are five classifications of fund balance:

- **a.** Nonspendable Fund Balance Includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. Nonspendable fund balance includes \$8,627 of inventory in school lunch.
- **Restricted Fund Balances** Includes amounts with constraints placed on the use of resources either externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. All encumbrances of funds other than the general fund are classified as restricted fund balance. The District has established the following restricted fund balances:

<u>Capital Reserve</u> - According to Education Law §3651, must be used to pay the cost of any object or purpose for which bonds may be issued. The creation of a capital reserve fund requires authorization by a majority of the voters establishing the purpose of the reserve, the ultimate amount, its probable term and the source of the funds. Expenditures may be made from the reserve only for a specific purpose further authorized by the voters. The form for required legal notice for the vote on establishing and funding the reserve and the form of the proposition to be placed on the ballot are set forth in §3651 of the Education Law. The Reserve is accounted for in the General Fund under restricted fund balance. Year end balances are as follows:

Name <u>of Reserve</u>	Maximum <u>Funding</u>	Total Funding <u>Provided</u>	Total Year to Date <u>Balance</u>
2016 Building Capital Reserve	\$ 1,000,000	\$ 1,002,671	\$ 5,876
2017 School Bus Reserve	\$ 900,000	\$ 900,000	\$ 298,676
2019 Capital Reserve	\$ 3,000,000	\$ 3,000,000	\$ 2,953,201
2022 School Bus Reserve	\$ 900,000	\$ 900,000	\$ 904,713

Reserve for Debt Service - According to General Municipal Law §6-1, the Reserve for Debt Service must be established for the purpose of retiring the outstanding obligations upon the sale of District property or capital improvement that was financed by obligations that remain outstanding at the time of the sale. Also, earnings on project monies invested together with unused proceeds are reported here.

Employee Benefit Accrued Liability Reserve - According to General Municipal Law §6-p, must be used for the payment of accrued employee benefits due to an employee upon termination of the employee's service. This reserve may be established by a majority vote of the Board and is funded by budgetary appropriations and such other reserves and funds that may be legally appropriated.

<u>Liability Reserve</u> - According to General Municipal Law §1709(8)(c), must be used to pay for property loss and liability claims incurred. Separate funds for property loss and liability claims are required, and this reserve may not in total exceed 3% of the annual budget or \$15,000, whichever is greater.

<u>Retirement Contribution Reserve</u> - According to General Municipal Law §6-r, must be used financing retirement contributions. The reserve must be accounted for separate and apart from all other funds and a detailed report of the operation and condition of the fund must be provided to the Board.

<u>Teachers' Retirement Reserve</u> – General Municipal Law §6r was amended to include a Teachers' Retirement Reserve (TRS) sub-fund. The reserve has an annual funding limit of 2% of the prior year TRS salaries and a maximum cumulative total balance of 10% of the previous year's TRS salary.

<u>Tax Certiorari Reserve</u> - According to General Municipal Law §3651.1-a, must be used to establish a reserve fund for tax certiorari claims and to expend from the fund without voter approval. The monies held in the reserve shall not exceed the amount which might reasonably be deemed necessary to meet anticipated judgments and claims arising out of tax certiorari proceedings. Any resources deposited to the reserve which are not expended for tax certiorari proceeding in the year such monies are deposited must be returned to the General Fund on or before the first day of the fourth fiscal year after deposit of these monies.

<u>Unemployment Insurance Reserve</u> - According to General Municipal Law §6-m, must be used to pay the cost of reimbursement to the State Unemployment Insurance Fund for payments made to claimants where the employer has elected to use the benefit reimbursement method. The reserve may be established by Board action and is funded by budgetary appropriations and such other funds as may be legally appropriated. Within sixty days after the end of any fiscal year, excess amounts may either be transferred to another reserve or the excess applied to the appropriations of the next succeeding fiscal year's budget. If the District elects to convert to tax (contribution) basis, excess resources in the fund over the sum sufficient to pay pending claims may be transferred to any other reserve fund.

<u>Workers' Compensation Reserve</u> - According to General Municipal Law §6-j, must be used to pay for compensation benefits and other expenses authorized by Article 2 of the Workers' Compensation Law, and for payment of expenses of administering this self-insurance program. The reserve may be established by Board action, and is funded by budgetary appropriations and such other funds as may be legally appropriated. Within sixty days after the end of any fiscal year, excess amounts may either be transferred to another reserve or the excess applied to the appropriations of the next succeeding fiscal year's budget.

Encumbrances - Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts and other commitments of expenditures are recorded for budgetary control purposes in order to reserve applicable appropriations, is employed as a control in preventing over-expenditure of established appropriations. Open encumbrances are reported as restricted fund balance in all funds other than the General Fund and the School Lunch Fund, since they do not constitute expenditures or liabilities and will be honored through budget appropriations in the subsequent year.

Restricted fund balances include the following:

	<u>Total</u>
General Fund -	
Workers' Compensation	\$ 400,524
Unemployment Costs	812,883
Retirement Contribution - ERS	950,198
Retirement Contribution - TRS	611,135
Insurance	155,372
Tax Certiorari	133,594
Liability	296,836
Capital Reserves	4,162,466
Employee Benefit Accrued Liability	211,758
Capital Fund -	
Renovation	554,819
Miscellaneous Special Revenue Fund -	
Miscellaneous - Scholarships	20,477
Debt Service Fund -	
Debt Service	1,326,598
Total Restricted Fund Balance	\$ 9,636,660

- **c.** <u>Committed</u> Includes amounts that can only be used for the specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the school districts highest level of decision making authority, i.e., the Board of Education. The District has no committed fund balances as of June 30, 2023.
- **d.** <u>Assigned Fund Balance</u> Includes amounts that are constrained by the District's intent to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed. All encumbrances of the General Fund are classified as assigned fund balance. Encumbrances represent purchase commitments made by the District's purchasing agent through their authorization of a purchase order prior to year-end. The District assignment is based on the functional level of expenditures.

Management has determined significant encumbrances for the General Fund to be \$47,000, the Capital Fund to be \$1,000 and the Special Aid Fund to be \$7,300. The District reports the following significant encumbrances:

\$	62,336
Φ.	
\$	66,431
\$	80,453
\$	329,079
\$	101,165
	\$

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Assigned fund balances include the following:

	<u>Total</u>
General Fund - Encumbrances	\$ 161,565
General Fund - Appropriated for Taxes	3,000,000
School Lunch Fund - Year End Equity	 330,873
Total Assigned Fund Balance	\$ 3,492,438

e. <u>Unassigned Fund Balance</u> —Includes all other general fund amounts that do not meet the definition of the above four classifications and are deemed to be available for general use by the school district and could report a surplus or deficit. In funds other than the general fund, the unassigned classification is used to report a deficit fund balance resulting from overspending for specific purposes for which amounts had been restricted or assigned.

NYS Real Property Tax Law 1318 limits the amount of unexpended surplus funds a school district can retain to no more than 4% of the District's budget for the general fund for the ensuing fiscal year. Nonspendable and restricted fund balance of the general fund are excluded from the 4% limitation. Amounts appropriated for the subsequent year and encumbrances are also excluded from the 4% limitation.

3. Order of Use of Fund Balance

The District's policy is to apply expenditures against nonspendable fund balance, restricted fund balance, committed fund balance, assigned fund balance, and unassigned fund balance at the end of the fiscal year. For all funds, nonspendable fund balances are determined first and then restricted fund balances for specific purposes are determined. Any remaining fund balance amounts for funds other than the general fund are classified as restricted fund balance. In the general fund, the remaining amounts are reported as unassigned. Assignments of fund balance cannot cause a negative unassigned fund balance.

U. New Accounting Standards

The District has adopted all current Statements of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) that are applicable. At June 30, 2023, the District implemented the following new standards issued by GASB:

GASB has issued Statement No. 91, Conduit Debt Obligations.

GASB has issued Statement No. 93, Replacement of Interbank Offered Rates, Paragraph 11b.

GASB has issued Statement No. 96, Subscription Based Information Technology.

GASB has issued Statement No. 99, Omnibus 2022 (leases, PPPs, and SBITAs).

V. Future Changes in Accounting Standards

GASB has issued Statement No. 100, Accounting for Changes and Error Corrections-an Amendment of GASB Statement No. 62, which will be effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2023.

GASB has issued Statement No. 101, *Compensated Absences*, which will be effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2023.

The District will evaluate the impact each of these pronouncements may have on its financial statements and will implement them as applicable and when material.

II. Changes in Accounting Principles

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the District implemented GASB Statement No. 96, *Subscription Based Information Technology Arrangements (SBITA)*. The implementation of the statement changes the reporting for SBITAs. There was no financial statement impact for the implementation of the Statement.

III. Stewardship, Compliance and Accountability

By its nature as a local government unit, the District is subject to various federal, state and local laws and contractual regulations. An analysis of the District's compliance with significant laws and regulations and demonstration of its stewardship over District resources follows.

A. Budgets

The District administration prepares a proposed budget for approval by the Board of Education for the General Fund.

The voters of the District approved the proposed appropriation budget.

Appropriations established by adoption of the budget constitute a limitation on expenditures (and encumbrances) which may be incurred. Appropriations lapse at the end of the fiscal year unless expended or encumbered. Encumbrances will lapse if not expended in the subsequent year. Appropriations authorized for the current year are increased by the planned use of specific reserves, and budget amendments approved by the Board of Education as a result of selected new revenue sources not included in the original budget (when permitted by law). These supplemental appropriations may occur subject to legal restriction, if the Board approves them because of a need which exists which was not determined at the time the budget was adopted. During the 2022-23 fiscal year, the budget was increased by \$7,869 for the liquidation of POs and \$322,945 for prior year carryover encumbrances.

Budgets are adopted annually on a basis consistent with GAAP. Appropriations authorized for the year are increased by the amount of encumbrances carried forward from the prior year.

Budgets are established and used for individual capital projects fund expenditures as approved by a special referendum of the District's voters. The maximum project amount authorized is based primarily upon the cost of the project, plus any requirements for external borrowings, not annual appropriations. These budgets do not lapse and are carried over to subsequent fiscal years until the completion of the projects.

B. Encumbrances

Encumbrance accounting is used for budget control and monitoring purposes and is reported as a part of the governmental funds. Under this method, purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded to reserve applicable appropriations. Outstanding encumbrances as of yearend are presented as reservations of fund balance and do not represent expenditures or liabilities. These commitments will be honored in the subsequent period. Related expenditures are recognized at that time, as the liability is incurred or the commitment is paid.

C. Deficit Net Position

The District-wide net position had a deficit at June 30, 2023 of \$11,823,587. The deficit is the result of the implementation of GASB Statement 75, "Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions", which required the recognition of an unfunded liability of \$44,631,085 at June 30, 2023. Since New York State Laws provide no mechanism for funding the liability, the subsequent accruals are expected to increase the deficit.

IV. Cash and Cash Equivalents

Credit risk: In compliance with the State Law, District investments are limited to obligations of the United States of America, obligations guaranteed by agencies of the Unites States of America where the payment of principal and interest are guaranteed by the United States of America, obligations of the State, time deposit accounts and certificates of deposit issued by a bank or trust company located in, and authorized to do business in, the State, and obligations issued by other municipalities and authorities within the State.

Concentration of Credit risk: To promote competition in rates and service cost, and to limit the risk of institutional failure, District deposits and investments are placed with multiple institutions. The District's investment policy limits the amounts that may be deposited with any one financial institution.

Interest rate risk: The District has an investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from rising interest rates

The District's aggregate bank balances (disclosed in the financial statements), included balances not covered by depository insurance at year end, collateralized as follows:

<u> </u>	3,480,858
Collateralized within Trust Department or Agent 3	1,183,900 3,480,858 1,664,758

Restricted cash represents cash where use is limited by legal requirements. These assets represent amounts required by statute to be reserved for various purposes. Restricted cash as of year-end includes \$9,636,660 within the governmental funds and \$69,409 in the fiduciary funds.

V. Investment Pool

The District participates in a multi-municipal cooperative investment pool agreement pursuant to New York State General Municipal Law Article 5-G, §119-O, whereby it holds a portion of the investments in cooperation with other participants. The investments are highly liquid and are considered to be cash equivalents.

Total investments of the cooperative as of year-end are \$2,031,027, which consisted of \$607,277 in repurchase agreements, \$1,169,262 in U.S. Treasury Securities, \$48,542 in FDIC insured deposits and \$205,946 in collateralized bank deposits, with various interest rates and due dates.

The following amounts are included as unrestricted and restricted cash:

	Bank	Carrying	Type of
Fund	Amount	Amount	Invesment
General Fund	\$ 2,031,027	\$ 2,031,027	NYCLASS

VI. Receivables

Receivables at June 30, 2023 for individual major funds and nonmajor funds, including the applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts, are as follows:

	Governmental Activities							
	General	Special Aid	NonMajor					
Description	<u>Fund</u> <u>Fund</u>		Funds	<u>Total</u>				
Accounts Receivable	\$ 107,634	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 107,634				
Due From State and Federal	1,893,991	1,625,362	397,654	3,917,007				
Due From Other Governments	15,834			15,834				
Total Receivables	\$ 2,017,459	\$ 1,625,362	\$ 397,654	\$ 4,040,475				

District management has deemed the amounts to be fully collectible.

VII. Interfund Receivables, Payables, Revenues and Expenditures

Interfund Receivables, Payables, Revenues and Expenditures at June 30, 2023 were as follows:

	Interfund						
	Receivables	<u>Payables</u>	Revenues	Expenditures			
General Fund	\$ 1,931,150	\$ 896,637	\$ -	\$ 764,895			
Special Aid Fund	509,744	2,020,699	338,349	-			
Nonmajor Funds	682,005	205,563	426,546				
Total	\$ 3,122,899	\$ 3,122,899	\$ 764,895	\$ 764,895			

Interfund receivables and payables between governmental activities are eliminated on the Statement of Net Position. The District typically loans resources between funds for the purpose of mitigating the effects of transient cash flow issues. All interfund payables are not necessarily expected to be repaid within one year.

Transfers are used to finance certain special aid programs, support capital project expenditures, school lunch programs and debt service expenditures.

VIII. Capital Assets and Lease Assets

A. <u>Capital Assets</u>

Capital asset balances and activity were as follows:

Т	Balance		A .J.J.;	г	Nalatiana	Balance
Type Covernmental Activities	7/1/2022	į	<u>Additions</u>	ī	<u>Deletions</u>	6/30/2023
Governmental Activities:						
Capital Assets that are not Depreciated -						
Land	\$ 74,885			\$	-	\$ 74,885
Work in progress			439,804		439,804	
Total Nondepreciable	\$ 74,885	\$	439,804	\$	439,804	\$ 74,885
Capital Assets that are Depreciated -	_		_			 _
Buildings and Improvements	\$ 78,093,603	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 78,093,603
Land Improvements	_		-		-	-
Machinery and equipment	 5,931,347		595,682		611,825	5,915,204
Total Depreciated Assets	\$ 84,024,950	\$	595,682	\$	611,825	\$ 84,008,807
Less Accumulated Depreciation -	_		_			 _
Buildings and Improvements	\$ 44,319,884	\$	2,596,352	\$	-	\$ 46,916,236
Land Improvements	-		-		-	-
Machinery and equipment	 3,782,969		527,252		579,813	 3,730,408
Total Accumulated Depreciation	\$ 48,102,853	\$	3,123,604	\$	579,813	\$ 50,646,644
Total Capital Assets Depreciated, Net				_		
of Accumulated Depreciation	\$ 35,922,097	\$	(2,527,922)	\$	32,012	\$ 33,362,163
Total Capital Assets	\$ 35,996,982	\$	(2,088,118)	\$	471,816	\$ 33,437,048

(VIII.) (Continued)

B. <u>Lease Assets</u>

A summary of the lease asset activity during the year ended June 30, 2023 is as follows:

Type Lease Assets:	Balance <u>7/1/2022</u>	<u>A</u>	dditions	Ξ	<u>Deletions</u>	_	Balance /30/2023
Equipment	\$ 1,002,326	\$	342,337	\$	211,697	\$	1,132,966
Total Lease Assets	\$ 1,002,326	\$	342,337	\$	211,697	\$	1,132,966
Less Accumulated Amortization -	 						
Buildings	\$ 725,316	\$	278,125	\$	211,697	\$	791,744
Total Accumulated Amortization	\$ 725,316	\$	278,125	\$	211,697	\$	791,744
Total Lease Assets, Net	\$ 277,010	\$	64,212	\$	-	\$	341,222

C. Other capital assets (net of depreciation and amortization):

	<u>Total</u>
Depreciated Capital Assets (net)	\$ 33,362,163
Amortized Lease Assets (net)	 341,222
Total Other Capital Assets (Net)	\$ 33,703,385

D. Depreciation expense for the period was charged to functions/programs as follows:

Governmental Activities:	Depreciation	Amortization	<u>Total</u>
General Government Support	\$ 142,400	\$ -	\$ 142,400
Instruction	2,668,581	278,125	2,946,706
Pupil Transportation	309,501	-	309,501
School Lunch	3,122		3,122
Total Depreciation and			
Amortization Expense	\$ 3,123,604	\$ 278,125	\$ 3,401,729

IX. <u>Long-Term Debt Obligations</u>

Long-term liability balances and activity for the year are summarized below:

	Balance <u>7/1/2022</u>	<u>./</u>	Additions	Deletions	Balance 6/30/2023	_	oue Within One Year
Governmental Activities:							
Bonds and Notes Payable -							
Serial Bonds	\$ 17,845,000	\$	-	\$ 2,560,000	\$ 15,285,000	\$	2,550,000
Unamortized Bond Premium	791,268		-	71,933	719,335		71,933
Lease Liability	277,010		342,337	 278,125	 341,222		194,424
Total Bonds and Notes Payable	\$ 18,913,278	\$	342,337	\$ 2,910,058	\$ 16,345,557	\$	2,816,357
Other Liabilities -							
Net Pension Liability	\$ -	\$	3,598,710	\$ -	\$ 3,598,710	\$	-
OPEB	44,129,801		501,284	-	44,631,085		-
Compensated Absences	206,771		-	18,665	188,106		47,027
Total Other Liabilities	\$ 44,336,572	\$	4,099,994	\$ 18,665	\$ 48,417,901	\$	47,027
Total Long-Term Obligations	\$ 63,249,850	\$	4,442,331	\$ 2,928,723	\$ 64,763,458	\$	2,863,384

The General Fund has typically been used to liquidate long-term liabilities such as compensated absences.

Existing serial and statutory bond obligations:

<u>Description</u> Serial Bonds -	Original <u>Amount</u>	Issue <u>Date</u>	Final <u>Maturity</u>	Interest <u>Rate</u>	Amount Outstanding 6/30/2023
Serial Bonds, 2014	\$ 1,916,118	2014	2030	1.75%-3.25%	\$ 905,000
Refunding Bonds	\$ 3,885,000	2015	2032	1.00%-3.50%	2,355,000
Reconstruction	\$ 7,345,000	2018	2033	5.00%	5,545,000
Refunding Bonds 2020	\$ 7,965,000	2020	2026	2.00%-5.00%	5,050,000
Serial Bonds 2021	\$ 2,100,000	2021	2036	1.00%-2.00%	 1,430,000
Total Serial Bonds					\$ 15,285,000
<u>Leases -</u>					
Copiers	\$ 1,132,966	Various	2025	Various	\$ 341,222
Total Leases					\$ 341,222

The following is a summary of debt service requirements:

	Serial	Bonds	Lea	ises
<u>Year</u>	Principal	<u>Interest</u>	Principal	<u>Interest</u>
2024	\$ 2,550,000	\$ 599,937	\$ 194,424	\$ 7,722
2025	2,385,000	507,594	141,744	2,476
2026	2,470,000	399,813	5,054	13
2027	1,685,000	309,187	-	-
2028	1,040,000	253,175	-	-
2029-33	4,860,000	643,163	-	-
2034-36	295,000	11,900		
Total	\$ 15,285,000	\$ 2,724,769	\$ 341,222	\$ 10,211

In prior years, the District defeased certain general obligations and other bonds by placing the proceeds of new bonds in an irrevocable trust to provide for all future debt service payments on the old bonds. Accordingly, the trust account assets and the liability for the defeased bonds are not included in the District's financial statements. \$2,380,000 of bonds outstanding are considered defeased.

Interest on long-term debt for June 30, 2023 was composed of:

Interest Paid	\$ 689,916
Less: Interest Accrued in the Prior Year	(162,185)
Plus: Interest Accrued in the Current Year	140,177
Less: Deferred Inflow-Bonds	(73,571)
Less: Deferred Inflow-Bond Premium	(71,933)
Total Long-Term Interest Expense	\$ 522,404

X. Deferred Inflows/Outflows of Resources

The following is a summary of the deferred inflows/outflows of resources:

	Deferred	Deferred		
	Outflows	<u>Inflows</u>		
Pension	\$ 8,198,347	\$ 996,993		
Bonds	-	294,287		
OPEB	5,515,476	7,706,290		
Total	\$ 13,713,823	\$ 8,997,570		

XI. Pension Plans

A. General Information

The District participates in the New York State Teacher's Retirement System (TRS) and the New York State and Local Employee's Retirement System (ERS). These are cost-sharing multiple employer public employee retirement systems. The Systems offer a wide range of plans and benefits, which are related to years of service and final average salary, vesting of retirement benefits, death, and disability.

B. Provisions and Administration

A 10-member Board of Trustees of the New York State Teachers' Retirement Board administers TRS. TRS provides benefits to plan members and beneficiaries as authorized by the Education Law and the New York State Retirement and Social Security Law (NYSRSSL). Membership is mandatory and automatic for all full-time teachers, teaching assistants, guidance counselors and administrators employed in New York Public Schools and BOCES who elected to participate in TRS. Once a public employer elects to participate in the system, the election is irrevocable. The New York State Constitution provides that pension membership is a contractual relationship and plan benefits cannot be diminished or impaired. Benefits can be changed for future members only by enactment of a State statute. TRS issues a publicly available financial report that contains financial statements and required supplementary information. The report may be obtained by writing to NYSTRS, 10 Corporate Woods Drive, Albany, New York 12211-2395 or by referring to the TRS Comprehensive Annual Financial report, which can be found on the System's website at www.nystrs.org.

ERS provides retirement benefits as well as death and disability benefits. The net position of the System is held in the New York State Common Retirement Fund (the Fund), which was established to hold all net assets and record changes in plan net position allocated to the System. The Comptroller of the State of New York serves as the trustee of the Fund and is the administrative head of the System. NYSRSSL govern obligations of employers and employees to contribute, and benefits to employees. Once a public employer elects to participate in the System, the election is irrevocable. The New York State Constitution provides that pension membership is a contractual relationship and plan benefits cannot be diminished or impaired. Benefits can be changed for future members only by enactment of a State statute. The District also participates in the Public Employees' Group Life Insurance Plan (GLIP), which provides death benefits in the form of life insurance. The System is included in the State's financial report as a pension trust fund. ERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained by writing to NYSERS, Office of the State Comptroller, 110 State Street, Albany, New York 12244 or by referring to the ERS Comprehensive Annual Report, which can be found at www.osc.state.ny.us/retire/publications/index.php.

C. Funding Policies

The Systems are noncontributory except for employees who joined after July 27, 1976, who contribute 3 percent of their salary for the first ten years of membership, and employees who joined on or after January 1, 2010 who generally contribute 3.0 to 3.5 percent of their salary for their entire length of service. In addition, employee contribution rates under ERS tier VI vary based on a sliding salary scale. For TRS, contribution rates are established annually by the New York State Teachers' Retirement Board pursuant to Article 11 of the Education Law. For ERS, the Comptroller annually certifies the actuarially determined rates expressly used in computing the employers' contributions for the ERS' fiscal year ended March 31. The District paid 100% of the required contributions as billed by the TRS and ERS for the current year.

The District's share of the required contributions, based on covered payroll paid for the District's year ended June 30, 2023:

Contributions	ERS	<u>TRS</u>
2023	\$ 374.138	\$ 1.316.128

D. <u>Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred</u> Inflows of Resources related to Pensions

At June 30, 2023, the District reported the following asset/(liability) for its proportionate share of the net pension asset/(liability) for each of the Systems. The net pension asset/(liability) was measured as of March 31, 2023 for ERS and June 30, 2022 for TRS. The total pension asset/(liability) used to calculate the net pension asset/(liability) was determined by an actuarial valuation. The District's proportion of the net pension asset/(liability) was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the Systems relative to the projected contributions of all participating members, actuarially determined. This information was provided by the TRS and ERS Systems in reports provided to the District.

		ERS		TRS
Measurement date	Ma	arch 31, 2023	Ju	ine 30, 2022
Net pension assets/(liability)	\$	(2,373,525)	\$	(1,225,185)
District's portion of the Plan's total				
net pension asset/(liability)		0.0111%		0.0638%

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the District recognized pension expenses of \$848,703 for ERS and \$1,516,941 for TRS. At June 30, 2023 the District's reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred	d Out	flows		Deferre	d Infl	ows
	of Re	sourc	ees		of Re	source	es
	ERS		TRS	•	ERS		TRS
Differences between expected and							
actual experience	\$ 252,799	\$	1,283,839	\$	66,658	\$	24,551
Changes of assumptions	1,152,737		2,376,652		12,740		493,539
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan							
investments	-		1,583,056		13,944		-
Changes in proportion and differences between the District's contributions and							
proportionate share of contributions	 65,848		143,644		14,520		371,041
Subtotal	\$ 1,471,384	\$	5,387,191	\$	107,862	\$	889,131
District's contributions subsequent to the							
measurement date	146,386		1,193,386		-		
Grand Total	\$ 1,617,770	\$	6,580,577	\$	107,862	\$	889,131

District contributions subsequent to the measurement date which will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

<u>Year</u>	ERS	<u>TRS</u>
2024	\$ -	\$ 873,229
2025	325,284	441,594
2026	(114,390)	(227,897)
2027	495,680	3,081,663
2028	656,948	348,714
Thereafter	_	(19,243)
Total	\$ 1,363,522	\$ 4,498,060

E. Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability as of the measurement date was determined by using an actuarial valuation as noted in the table below, with update procedures used to roll forward the total pension liability to the measurement date. The actuarial valuations used the following actuarial assumptions:

	ERS	TRS
Measurement date	March 31, 2023	June 30, 2022
Actuarial valuation date	April 1, 2022	June 30, 2021
Interest rate	5.90%	6.95%
Salary scale	4.50%	5.18%-1.95%
Decrement tables	April 1, 2016- March 31, 2020 System's Experience	July 1, 2015- June 30, 2020 System's Experience
Inflation rate	2.90%	2.40%
COLA's	1.50%	1.30%

For ERS, annuitant mortality rates are based on April 1, 2015 – March 31, 2020 System experience with adjustments for mortality improvements based on the Society of Actuaries' Scale MP-2021. For TRS, annuitant mortality rates are based on plan member experience adjustments for mortality improvements based on Society of Actuaries Scale MP-2021.

The long-term rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building block method in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns net of investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of the arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the target asset allocation as of March 31, 2023 are summarized as follows:

Long Term Expected Rate of Return

Eong Term Expec	tea rente or rectarin	
	ERS	TRS
Measurement date	March 31, 2023	June 30, 2022
<u>Asset Type -</u>		
Domestic equity	4.30%	6.50%
International equity	6.85%	7.20%
Global equity	0.00%	6.90%
Private equity	7.50%	9.90%
Real estate	4.60%	6.20%
Opportunistic portfolios	5.38%	0.00%
Real assets	5.84%	0.00%
Bonds and mortgages	0.00%	0.60%
Cash	0.00%	-0.30%
Private debt	0.00%	5.30%
Real estate debt	0.00%	2.40%
High-yield fixed income securities	0.00%	3.30%
Domestic fixed income securities	0.00%	1.10%
Global fixed income securities	0.00%	0.60%
Short-term	0.00%	0.00%
Credit	5.43%	0.00%

The real rate of return is net of the long-term inflation assumption of 2.50% for ERS and 2.40% for TRS.

F. Discount Rate

The discount rate used to calculate the total pension liability was 5.90% for ERS and 6.95% for TRS. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rates and that contributions from employers will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially. Based upon the assumptions, the Systems' fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

G. Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to the Discount Rate Assumption

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 5.90% for ERS and 6.95% for TRS, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension asset/(liability) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentagepoint lower (4.90% for ERS and 5.95% for TRS) or 1-percentage-point higher (6.90% for ERS and 7.95% for TRS) than the current assumption :

ERS Employer's proportionate share of the net pension	1% Decrease (4.90%)	Current Assumption (5.90%)	1% Increase (6.90%)
asset (liability)	\$ (5,735,792)	\$ (2,373,525)	\$ 436,040
TRS Employer's proportionate	1% Decrease (5.95%)	Current Assumption (6.95%)	1% Increase (7.95%)
share of the net pension asset (liability)	\$ (11,296,784)	\$ (1,225,185)	\$ 7,244,963

H. Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

The components of the current year net pension asset/(liability) of the employers as of the respective valuation dates, were as follows:

	(In Thousands)		
	ERS	TRS	
Measurement date	March 31, 2023	June 30, 2022	
Employers' total pension liability	\$ 232,627,259	\$ 133,883,474	
Plan net position	211,183,223	131,964,582	
Employers' net pension asset/(liability)	\$ (21,444,036)	\$ (1,918,892)	
Ratio of plan net position to the			
employers' total pension asset/(liability)	90.78%	98.60%	

I. Payables to the Pension Plan

For ERS, employer contributions are paid annually based on the System's fiscal year which ends on March 31st. Accrued retirement contributions as of June 30, 2023 represent the projected employer contribution for the period of April 1, 2023 through June 30, 2023 based on paid ERS wages multiplied by the employer's contribution rate, by tier. Accrued retirement contributions as of June 30, 2023 amounted to \$146,386.

For TRS, employer and employee contributions for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023 are paid to the System in September, October and November 2023 through a state aid intercept. Accrued retirement contributions as of June 30, 2023 represent employee and employer contributions for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023 based on paid TRS wages multiplied by the employer's contribution rate, by tier and employee contributions for the fiscal year as reported to the TRS System. Accrued retirement contributions as of June 30, 2023 amounted to \$1,316,128.

XII. Postemployment Benefits

A. General Information About the OPEB Plan

Plan Description – The District's defined benefit OPEB plan, provides OPEB for all permanent full-time general and public safety employees of the District. The plan is a single employer defined benefit OPEB plan administered by the District. Article 11 of the State Compiled Statutes grants the authority to establish and amend the benefit terms and financing requirements to the District Board. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of Statement 75.

Benefits Provided – The District provides healthcare and life insurance benefits for retirees and their dependents. The benefit terms are dependent on which contract each employee falls under. The specifics of each contract are on file at the District offices and are available upon request.

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms – At March 31, 2023, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefit payments	287
Active Employees	286
Total	573

B. Total OPEB Liability

The District's total OPEB liability of \$44,631,085 was measured as of March 31, 2023, and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

Actuarial Assumptions and Other Inputs – The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2023 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Inflation 2.53%

Salary Increases 3.53 percent, average, including inflation

Discount Rate 3.78 percent

Healthcare Cost Trend Rates Initial rate of 5.50% for 2023, decreasing to an ultimate rate of 4.00%

Retirees' Share of Benefit-Related Costs Varies between 8 and 15 percent depending on contract

The discount rate was based on a tax exempt, high quality 20-year tax-exempt general obligation municipal bond yield or index rate.

Mortality rates were based on Pub-2010 Public Retirement Plans Mortality Tables, as appropriate, with adjustments for mortality improvements based on MP-2021.

C. Changes in the Total OPEB Liability

Balance at June 30, 2022	\$ 44,129,801
Changes for the Year -	
Service cost	\$ 1,244,204
Interest	1,249,758
Differences between expected and actual experience	4,767,942
Changes in assumptions or other inputs	(5,547,680)
Benefit payments	 (1,212,940)
Net Changes	\$ 501,284
Balance at June 30, 2023	\$ 44,631,085

Changes of benefit terms reflect the following:

- The Single Discount Rate changed from 2.27% to 2.83% effective June 30, 2023.
- Mortality rate updated to rates based on Pub-2010 Public Retirement Plans mortality tables, headcount-weighted, without contingent survivor mortality, fully generational using scale MP-2021.
- Salary scale changed from 3.44% to 3.53% effective June 30, 2023.

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate – The following presents the total OPEB liability of the District, as well as what the District's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (2.78 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (4.78 percent) than the current discount rate:

	Discount				
	1% Decrease	Rate	1% Increase		
	(2.78%)	<u>(3.78%)</u>	<u>(4.78%)</u>		
Total OPEB Liability	\$ 51,722,020	\$ 44,631,085	\$ 38,932,019		

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates – The following presents the total OPEB liability of the District, as well as what the District's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower (4.50 percent decreasing to 3.00 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (6.50 percent decreasing to 5.00 percent) than the current healthcare cost trend rate:

		Healthcare	
	1% Decrease	Cost Trend Rates	1% Increase
	(4.50%	(5.50%	(6.50%
	Decreasing	Decreasing	Decreasing
	to 3.00%)	to 4.00%)	to 5.00%)
Total OPEB Liability	\$ 38,359,025	\$ 44,631,085	\$ 52,585,714

D. <u>OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources</u> Related to OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$205,912. At June 30, 2023, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	rred Outflows Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources				
Differences between expended and		' <u>-</u>					
actual experience	\$ 5,203,296	\$	-				
Changes of assumptions	-		7,706,290				
Contributions after measurement date	 312,180		-				
Total	\$ 5,515,476	\$	7,706,290				

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

<u>Year</u>	
2024	\$ (1,491,807)
2025	(295,790)
2026	(295,790)
2027	(278,999)
2028	(127,826)
Thereafter	 (12,782)
Total	\$ (2,502,994)

XIII. Risk Management

A. General Information

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to injuries to employees, theft, damages, natural disasters, etc. These risks are covered by commercial insurance purchased from independent third parties. Settled claims from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage for the past two years.

B. Health Plan

The District participates in the Cayuga-Onondaga Counties area schools BOCES Health and Dental Plan, a risk-sharing pool, to insure Health Care and Dental claims. The District's share of the expenditures for claims for the year ended June 30, 2023 was \$3,626,387.

C. Unemployment

District employees are entitled to coverage under the New York State Unemployment Insurance Law. The District has elected to discharge its liability to the New York State Unemployment Insurance Fund (the Fund) by the benefit reimbursement method, a dollar-for-dollar reimbursement to the fund for benefits paid from the fund to former employees. The District has established a self-insurance fund to pay these claims. This program had \$953 in claims and judgment expenditures for the 2022-23 fiscal year. The balance of the fund at June 30, 2023 was \$812,883 and is recorded in the General Fund as an Unemployment Insurance Reserve. In addition, as of June 30, 2023, no loss contingencies existed or were considered probable or estimable for incurred but not reported claims payable.

D. Workers' Compensation

The District incurs costs related to the New York State Public Schools Statewide Workers' Compensation Trust (Trust) made up of a nonprofit unincorporated association of public school districts within the State of New York. The Trust's objectives are to furnish workers' compensation benefits to participating districts at a significant cost savings. Membership in the Trust may be offered to any public school district within the State of New York with the approval of the Board of Directors. Voluntary withdrawal from the Trust may be effective only once annually on the last day of the Plan year as may be established by the Board of Director. Notice of Intention to Withdraw must be given in writing to the Chairman of the Board of Directors and the Treasurer not less than 120 days prior to the end of the Trust year.

Trust membership is currently comprised of twenty districts. If a surplus of participants' assessments exists after the close of a Trust year, the Board may retain from such surplus an amount sufficient to establish and maintain a claim contingency fund. Surplus funds in excess of the amount transferred to or included in such contingency fund shall be applied in reduction of the next annual assessment or to the billing of Trust participants. All monies paid to the Treasurer by participants shall be commingled and administered as a common fund. No refunds shall be made to a participant and no assessments are charged to a participant other than the annual premium equivalent. However, if it appears to the Board of Directors that the liabilities of the Trust will exceed its cash assets, after taking into account any "excess insurance", the Board shall determine the amount needed to meet such deficiency and shall assess such amount against all participants pro-rata per enrollee.

The Trust purchases, on an annual basis, stop-loss insurance policies to limit its exposure for claims paid.

The Trust establishes a liability for both reported and unreported insured events, which includes estimates of both future payments of losses and related claim adjustment expenses. However, because actual claims costs depend on complex factors, the process used in computing claims liabilities does not necessarily result in an exact amount. Such claims are based on the ultimate cost of claims (including future claim adjustment expenses) that have been reported but not settled, and claims that have been incurred but not reported.

Adjustments to claims liabilities are charged or credited to expenses in the periods in which they are made. During the year ended June 30, 2023, the District incurred premiums or contribution expenditures totaling \$220,148.

The Plan is audited on an annual basis and is available from the Trust. The most recent audit available for the year ended June 30, 2022, revealed that the Trust was fully funded.

XIV. Commitments and Contingencies

A. <u>Litigation</u>

There is one pending claim filed against the District in which the outcome and any potential liability cannot be determined at this time.

B. Grants

The District has received grants, which are subject to audit by agencies of the State and Federal Governments. Such audits may result in disallowances and a request for a return of funds. Based on prior years' experience, the District's administration believes disallowances, if any, will be immaterial.

XV. Tax Abatement

The County of Onondaga IDA, and the District enter into various property tax abatement programs for the purpose of Economic Development. As a result the District property tax revenue was reduced \$755,220. The District received payment in lieu of tax (PILOT) payment totaling \$547,919 to help offset the property tax reduction.

JORDAN-ELBRIDGE CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT, NEW YORK

Schedule of Changes in District's Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratio

For The Year Ended June 30, 2023

TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY

			101:11	 ED LIADILIT				
		<u>2023</u>	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>
Service cost	\$	1,244,204	\$ 1,539,003	\$ 1,223,836	\$ 1,274,611	\$ 1,094,909	\$ 1,149,549	\$ 1,185,616
Interest		1,249,758	1,065,052	1,154,968	1,443,245	1,427,102	1,503,323	1,342,986
Changes in benefit terms		-	-	-	(26,997)	-	-	-
Differences between expected								
and actual experiences		4,767,942	2,792,942	(1,888,165)	(7,282,350)	799,024	(2,390,084)	978,787
Changes of assumptions or other inputs		(5,547,680)	(6,646,779)	790,206	10,469,629	169,018	904,334	(2,809,600)
Benefit payments		(1,212,940)	(1,248,718)	 (1,210,862)	(1,246,864)	(1,141,707)	 (1,189,726)	 (1,189,726)
Net Change in Total OPEB Liability	\$	501,284	\$ (2,498,500)	\$ 69,983	\$ 4,631,274	\$ 2,348,346	\$ (22,604)	\$ (491,937)
Total OPEB Liability - Beginning	\$	44,129,801	\$ 46,628,301	\$ 46,558,318	\$ 41,927,044	\$ 39,578,698	\$ 39,601,302	\$ 40,093,239
Total OPEB Liability - Ending	\$	44,631,085	\$ 44,129,801	\$ 46,628,301	\$ 46,558,318	\$ 41,927,044	\$ 39,578,698	\$ 39,601,302
Covered Employee Payroll	\$	15,515,853	\$ 9,582,647	\$ 9,263,967	\$ 9,457,354	\$ 9,162,327	\$ 8,868,771	\$ 8,868,771
Total OPEB Liability as a Percentage of Cov	ered							
Employee Payroll		287.65%	460.52%	503.33%	492.30%	457.60%	446.27%	446.53%

10 years of historical information is not available, and will be added each year subsequent to the year of implementation until 10 years of historical data is present.

JORDAN-ELBRIDGE CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT, NEW YORK

Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability

For The Year Ended June 30, 2023

NYSERS	Pension	Plan
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		<u>2023</u>		<u>2022</u>		<u>2021</u>		<u>2020</u>		<u>2019</u>		<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	2016
Proportion of the net pension liability (assets)		0.0111%		0.0102%		0.0101%		0.0099%		0.0095%		0.0088%	0.0083%	0.0086%
Proportionate share of the net pension liability (assets)	\$	2,373,525	\$	(833,081)	\$	10,031	\$	2,628,535	\$	672,138	\$	285,323	\$ 778,509	\$ 1,376,035
Covered-employee payroll	\$	3,686,734	\$	3,210,939	\$	3,098,596	\$	2,860,583	\$	2,670,673	\$	2,418,209	\$ 2,314,651	\$ 2,195,061
Proportionate share of the net pension liability (assets) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll		64.380%		-25.945%		0.324%		91.888%		25.167%		11.799%	33.634%	62.688%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		90.78%		103.65%		99.95%		86.39%		96.27%		98.24%	94.70%	90.70%
NYSTRS Pension Plan														
		<u>2023</u>		<u>2022</u>		<u>2021</u>		<u>2020</u>		<u>2019</u>		<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>
Proportion of the net pension liability (assets)		0.0638%		0.0571%		0.0597%		0.0615%		0.0620%		0.0617%	0.0612%	0.0614%
Proportionate share of the net pension liability (assets)	\$	1,225,185	\$	(9,895,216)	\$	(1,648,330)	\$	(1,597,737)	\$	(1,121,429)	\$	(468,849)	\$ 655,583	\$ (6,382,104)
Covered-employee payroll	\$	11,712,450	\$	11,304,430	\$	9,728,230	\$	10,152,553	\$	10,295,887	\$	10,369,099	\$ 10,065,343	\$ 9,513,221
Proportionate share of the net pension liability (assets) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll		10.461%		-87.534%		-16.944%		-15.737%		-10.892%		-4.522%	6.513%	-67.087%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total														

10 years of historical information is not available, and will be added each year subsequent to the year of implementation until 10 years of historical data is present.

JORDAN-ELBRIDGE CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT, NEW YORK

Schedule of District Contributions

For The Year Ended June 30, 2023

NYSERS Pension Plan

						1102210 1 01		1 1 10011							
		<u>2023</u>		<u>2022</u>		<u>2021</u>		<u>2020</u>		<u>2019</u>		<u>2018</u>		<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>
Contractually required contributions	\$	374,138	\$	449,840	\$	397,269	\$	375,220	\$	352,412	\$	330,936	\$	316,720	\$ 326,383
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution		(374,138)		(449,840)		(397,269)		(375,220)		(352,412)		(330,936)		(316,720)	 (326,383)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$		\$
Covered-employee payroll	\$	3,686,734	\$	3,210,939	\$	3,098,596	\$	2,860,583	\$	2,670,673	\$	2,418,209	\$	2,314,651	\$ 2,195,061
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		10.15%		14.01%		12.82%		13.12%		13.20%		13.69%		13.68%	14.87%
	NYSTRS Pension Plan														
		<u>2023</u>		<u>2022</u>		<u>2021</u>		<u>2020</u>		<u>2019</u>		<u>2018</u>		<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>
Contractually required contributions	\$	1,316,128	\$	1,214,476	\$	1,005,913	\$	975,442	\$	1,177,227	\$	1,070,804	\$	1,252,446	\$ 1,336,372
Contributions in relation to the contractually required															
contribution		(1,316,128)		(1,214,476)		(1,005,913)		(975,442)		(1,177,227)		(1,070,804)		(1,252,446)	 (1,336,372)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$		\$	-	\$	-	\$		\$		\$		\$		\$
Covered-employee payroll	\$	11,712,450	\$	11,304,430	\$	9,728,230	\$	10,152,553	\$	10,295,887	\$	10,369,099	\$	10,065,343	\$ 9,513,221
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		11.24%		10.74%		10.34%		9.61%		11.43%		10.33%		12.44%	14.05%

10 years of historical information is not available, and will be added each year subsequent to the year of implementation until 10 years of historical data is present.

JORDAN-ELBRIDGE CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT, NEW YORK

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance -

Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual - General Fund

For The Year Ended June 30, 2023

	- 8		Amended Budget	Current Year's Revenues	Over (Under) Revised <u>Budget</u>		
REVENUES							
Local Sources -							
Real property taxes	\$ 11,122,000	\$	11,122,000	\$ 11,182,170	\$	60,170	
Real property tax items	2,264,500		2,264,500	2,209,434		(55,066)	
Non-property taxes	20,000		20,000	49,820		29,820	
Charges for services	35,000		35,000	119,080		84,080	
Use of money and property	73,000		73,000	278,987		205,987	
Sale of property and compensation for loss	-		-	5,749		5,749	
Miscellaneous	195,000		195,000	687,707		492,707	
State Sources -							
Basic formula	14,101,677		14,101,677	14,095,177		(6,500)	
Lottery aid	1,950,000		1,950,000	2,654,844		704,844	
BOCES	1,710,744		1,710,744	1,859,054		148,310	
Textbooks	65,000		65,000	65,019		19	
All Other Aid -							
Computer software	35,000		35,000	38,702		3,702	
Library loan	2,500		2,500	7,206		4,706	
Other aid	50,000		50,000	111,208		61,208	
Federal Sources	25,000		25,000	47,175		22,175	
TOTAL REVENUES	\$ 31,649,421	\$	31,649,421	\$ 33,411,332	\$	1,761,911	
Appropriated reserves	\$ 329,079	\$	329,079				
Appropriated fund balance	\$ 3,000,000	\$	3,007,869				
Prior year encumbrances	\$ 322,945	\$	322,945				
TOTAL REVENUES AND APPROPRIATED RESERVES/ FUND BALANCE	\$ 35,301,445	\$	35,309,314				

JORDAN-ELBRIDGE CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT, NEW YORK

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance -

Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual - General Fund

For The Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Original <u>Budget</u>		Current Amended Year's Budget Expenditures		Year's	Encumbrances		encumbered Balances
EXPENDITURES								
General Support -								
Board of education	\$	31,315	\$ 28,841	\$	16,293	\$	-	\$ 12,548
Central administration		264,827	272,997		269,366		-	3,631
Finance		341,611	354,074		321,442		6,434	26,198
Staff		354,318	362,278		280,759		12,653	68,866
Central services		3,140,471	3,358,999		3,232,468		43,249	83,282
Special items		425,500	384,440		355,718		-	28,722
Instructional -								
Instruction, administration and improvement		1,232,279	1,340,703		1,277,735		967	62,001
Teaching - regular school		7,975,477	6,954,211		6,587,262		38,086	328,863
Programs for children with								
handicapping conditions		3,821,619	3,885,236		3,809,717		1,755	73,764
Occupational education		837,916	847,183		847,183		-	-
Teaching - special schools		58,000	58,000		15,782		-	42,218
Instructional media		1,253,483	1,206,509		1,113,225		1,856	91,428
Pupil services		1,774,690	1,759,898		1,604,465		23,767	131,666
Pupil Transportation		2,673,235	2,874,306		2,587,559		32,798	253,949
Community Services		33,150	33,150		18,194		-	14,956
Employee Benefits		7,329,679	7,295,552		6,521,376		-	774,176
Debt service - principal		2,560,000	2,838,125		2,838,125		-	-
Debt service - interest		673,875	689,917		689,917		_	
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	\$	34,781,445	\$ 34,544,419	\$	32,386,586	\$	161,565	\$ 1,996,268
Other Uses -								
Transfers - out	\$	520,000	\$ 764,895	\$	764,895	\$	_	\$
TOTAL EXPENDITURES AND								
OTHER USES	\$	35,301,445	\$ 35,309,314	\$	33,151,481	\$	161,565	\$ 1,996,268
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$	-	\$ -	\$	259,851			
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR		12,084,280	 12,084,280		12,084,280			
FUND BALANCE, END OF YEAR	\$	12,084,280	\$ 12,084,280	\$	12,344,131			

Note to Required Supplementary Information:

A reconciliation is not necessary since encumbrances are presented in a separate column on this schedule.

JORDAN-ELBRIDGE CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT, NEW YORK

Schedule of Change From Adopted Budget To Final Budget And The Real Property Tax Limit

For The Year Ended June 30, 2023

CHANGE FROM ADOPTED BUDGET TO FINAL BUDGET:

Adopted budget			\$ 34,978,500
Prior year's encumbrances			322,945
Original Budget			\$ 35,301,445
Budget revisions -			
Liquidation of Purchase Orders			7,869
FINAL BUDGET			\$ 35,309,314
SECTION 1318 OF REAL PROPERTY TAX LAW LIMIT CALCULAT	ION	\ :	
2023-24 voter approved expenditure budget			\$ 36,195,000
Unrestricted fund balance:			
Assigned fund balance	\$	3,161,565	
Unassigned fund balance		1,447,800	
Total Unrestricted fund balance	\$	4,609,365	
<u>Less adjustments:</u>			
Appropriated fund balance	\$	3,000,000	
Encumbrances included in assigned fund balance		161,565	
Total adjustments	\$	3,161,565	
General fund fund balance subject to Section 1318 of			
Real Property Tax Law			 1,447,800
ACTUAL PERCENTAGE			4.00%

JORDAN-ELBRIDGE CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT, NEW YORK

CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND

Schedule of Project Expenditures

For The Year Ended June 30, 2023

				Expenditures Methods of Financing								
	Original	Revised	Prior	Current		Unexpended		Local		Fund		
Project Title	Appropriation	Appropriation	Years	<u>Year</u>	<u>Total</u>	Balance	Obligations	Sources	<u>Total</u>	Balance		
2022-23 Capital Outlay	\$ 100,000	\$ 100,000	\$ -	\$ 97,467	\$ 97,467	\$ 2,533	\$ -	\$ 97,467	\$ 97,467	\$ -		
2018 Renovation Project	3,800,000	3,100,000	2,874,260	-	2,874,260	225,740	2,100,000	1,000,000	3,100,000	225,740		
Leases	342,337	342,337	-	342,337	342,337	-	-	342,337	342,337	-		
2022-23 Bus Purchase	329,079	329,079	 -			329,079		329,079	329,079	329,079		
TOTAL	\$ 4,571,416	\$ 3,871,416	\$ 2,874,260	\$ 439,804	\$ 3,314,064	\$ 557,352	\$ 2,100,000	\$ 1,768,883	\$ 3,868,883	\$ 554,819		

JORDAN-ELBRIDGE CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT, NEW YORK

Combining Balance Sheet - Nonmajor Governmental Funds June 30, 2023

Special

	Revenue Funds								Total	
		School	Mis	cellaneous		Debt	Capital	1	Nonmajor	
		Lunch	Speci	al Revenue		Service	Projects	Governmenta		
		Fund		Fund		Fund	Fund		Funds	
ASSETS										
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	68,221	\$	20,477	\$	1,324,918	\$ 21,590	\$	1,435,206	
Receivables		58,489		-		-	339,165		397,654	
Inventories		8,627		-		-	-		8,627	
Due from other funds		280,698		_		1,680	399,627		682,005	
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	416,035	\$	20,477	\$	1,326,598	\$ 760,382	\$	2,523,492	
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANC	CES									
<u>Liabilities</u> -										
Accounts payable	\$	42,314	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	42,314	
Due to other funds		-		-		-	205,563		205,563	
Due to other governments		198		-		-	-		198	
Unearned revenue		34,023		_			-		34,023	
TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$	76,535	\$		\$		\$ 205,563	\$	282,098	
Fund Balances -										
Nonspendable	\$	8,627	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	8,627	
Restricted		-		20,477		1,326,598	554,819		1,901,894	
Assigned		330,873		=_		-	-		330,873	
TOTAL FUND BALANCE	\$	339,500	\$	20,477	\$	1,326,598	\$ 554,819	\$	2,241,394	
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND										
FUND BALANCES	\$	416,035	\$	20,477	\$	1,326,598	\$ 760,382	\$	2,523,492	

JORDAN-ELBRIDGE CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT, NEW YORK

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances

Nonmajor Governmental Funds

For The Year Ended June 30, 2023

Special

	Revenue Funds								Total	
	School Lunch		Miscellaneous Special Revenue		Debt Service		Capital Projects		Nonmajor Governmental	
		Fund		Fund		Fund		Fund		Funds
REVENUES										
Use of money and property	\$	43	\$	5	\$	20,744	\$	-	\$	20,792
Miscellaneous		24		-		-		-		24
State sources		15,115		-		-		-		15,115
Federal sources		763,032		-		-		-		763,032
Sales		26,631		_		_	_	_		26,631
TOTAL REVENUES	\$	804,845	\$	5_	\$	20,744	\$		\$	825,594
EXPENDITURES										
Cost of sales	\$	52,022	\$	-	\$	-	\$	_	\$	52,022
Other expenses		653,650		1,100		-		-		654,750
Capital outlay		-		-		-		439,804		439,804
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	\$	705,672	\$	1,100	\$		\$	439,804	\$	1,146,576
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES										
OVER EXPENDITURES	\$	99,173	\$	(1,095)	\$	20,744	\$	(439,804)	\$	(320,982)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)										
Transfers - in	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	426,546	\$	426,546
Proceeds from obligations		-		-		-		342,337		342,337
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING										
SOURCES (USES)	\$		\$		\$		\$	768,883	\$	768,883
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$	99,173	\$	(1,095)	\$	20,744	\$	329,079	\$	447,901
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING										
OF YEAR		240,327		21,572		1,305,854		225,740		1,793,493
FUND BALANCE, END OF YEAR	\$	339,500	\$	20,477	\$	1,326,598	\$	554,819	\$	2,241,394

JORDAN-ELBRIDGE CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT, NEW YORK

Net Investment in Capital Assets/ Right to Use Assets

For The Year Ended June 30, 2023

Capital assets/ right to use assets, net		\$ 33,778,270
Add:		
Unspent bond proceeds	\$ 225,740	
		225,740
Deduct:		
Bond payable	\$ 15,285,000	
Leases	341,222	
Unamortized bond premium	719,335	
Deferred inflow - advanced refunding	294,287	
		 16,639,844
Net Investment in Capital Assets/ Right to Use Assets		\$ 17,364,166

JORDAN-ELBRIDGE CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT, NEW YORK SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

For The Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Assistance	Pass-Through		
Grantor / Pass - Through Agency	Listing	Agency	Total	
Federal Award Cluster / Program	<u>Number</u>	<u>Number</u>	Ex	penditures
U.S. Department of Education:				
Indirect Programs:				
Passed Through NYS Education Department -				
Special Education Cluster IDEA -				
Special Education - Grants to States (IDEA, Part B)	84.027	0032-23-0643	\$	319,778
Special Education - Preschool Grants (IDEA Preschool)	84.173	0033-23-0643		12,811
ARP - Special Education - Grants to				
States (IDEA, Part B)-COVID-19	84.027X	5532-22-0643		57,856
ARP - Special Education - Preschool				
Grants (IDEA Preschool)-COVID-19	84.173X	5533-22-0643		6,521
Total Special Education Cluster IDEA			\$	396,966
Education Stabilization Fund -				
ARP - ESSER 2-COVID-19	84.425D	5891-21-2105	\$	385,561
CRRSA - ESSER 3-COVID-19	84.425U	5880-21-2105		717,924
ARP - Homeless-COVID-19	84.425W	5218-21-2105		5,416
ARP - Summer Enrichment-COVID-19	84.425U	5882-21-2105		28,321
ARP - Comprehensive After School-COVID-19	84.425U	5883-21-2105		45,500
ARP - Learning Loss-COVID-19	84.425U	5884-21-2105		6,724
CRRSA - GEER 2-COVID-19	84.425C	5896-21-2105		14,175
Total Education Stabilization Fund			\$	1,203,621
Title IIA - Supporting Effective Instruction State Grant	84.367	0147-23-2105		45,815
Title IV - Student Support and Enrichment Program	84.424	0204-23-2105		24,736
Title I - Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010	0021-23-2105		329,552
Total U.S. Department of Education			\$	2,000,690
U.S. Department of Agriculture:				
Passed Through NYS Education Department -				
<u>Child Nutrition Cluster</u> -				
National School Lunch Program	10.555	005502	\$	511,553
National School Lunch Program-Non-Cash				
Assistance (Commodities)	10.555	005502		32,460
National Summer Food Service program	10.559	005502		10,911
National School Breakfast Program	10.553	005502		206,224
Total Child Nutrition Cluster			\$	761,148
Federal EBT	10.649	005502		1,884
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture	\$	763,032		
TOTAL EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWA	ARDS		\$	2,763,722



Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance With Government Auditing Standards

Independent Auditors' Report

To the Board of Education Jordan-Elbridge Central School District, New York

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Jordan-Elbridge Central School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated October 10, 2023.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Jordan-Elbridge Central School District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Mongel, Metzger, Barn & Co. LLP

Rochester, New York October 10, 2023